

# MICHIGAN JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

# MJRS

A Fiduciary Component Unit of the State of Michigan

Prepared by:
Financial Services
For

Office of Retirement Services P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671 517-284-4400 1-800-381-5111

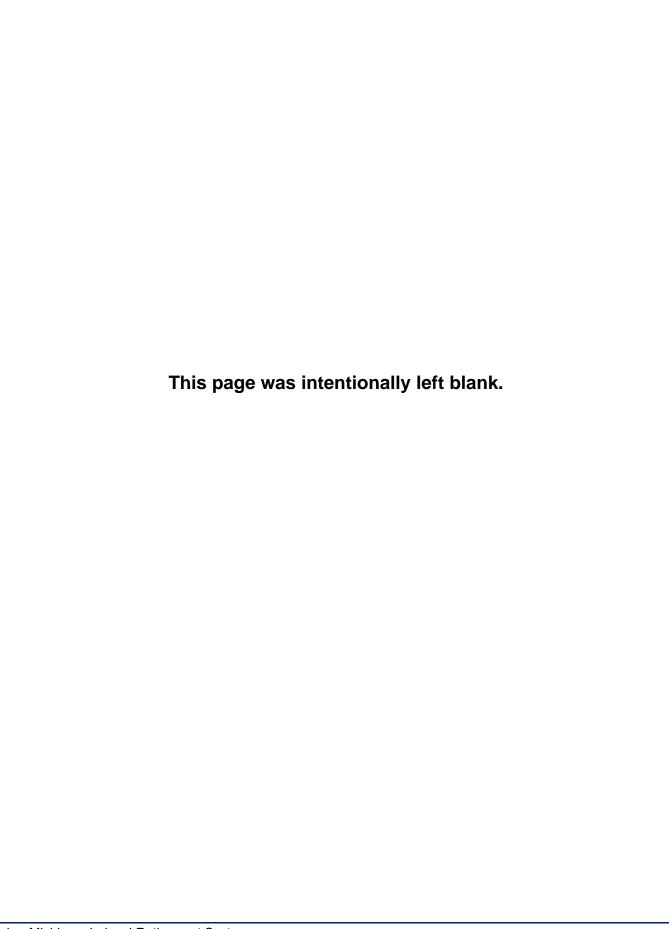


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Certificate of Achievement
Public Pension Standards Award
Letter of Transmittal
Retirement Board Members
Advisors and Consultants
Organization Chart



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Michigan Judges' Retirement System

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

**September 30, 2020** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# **Public Pension Coordinating Council**

# Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2021

Presented to

# Michigan Office of Retirement Services

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA) National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS) National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

> Alan H. Winkle Program Administrator

alan Helinble

#### **LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL**

Michigan Judges'
Retirement System
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909-7671
Telephone 517- 284-4400
Outside Lansing 1-800-381-5111

#### STATE OF MICHIGAN

GRETCHEN WHITMER, Governor

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & BUDGET**

January 11, 2022

The Honorable Gretchen Whitmer Governor, State of Michigan,

Members of the Legislature State of Michigan,

Retirement Board Members and Members, Retirees and Beneficiaries

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the annual comprehensive financial report of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System (System) for fiscal year 2021.

#### INTRODUCTION TO REPORT

The System was established by legislation under Public Act 234 of 1992 which consolidated the Judges' and former Probate Judges' retirement systems. The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The number of active and retired members and beneficiaries of the System is presented in Note 1 of the financial statements in the Financial Section of this report. The purpose of the System is to provide retirement, disability, death and healthcare benefits for all members. The services performed by ORS staff provide benefits to members, retirees, and beneficiaries.

#### Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the leadership team of the System. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

#### Internal Control Structure

The leadership team of the System is responsible for maintaining adequate internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and are recorded as necessary to maintain accountability for assets and to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and reliability of all financial records.

#### **LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL**

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. This internal control structure includes maintaining written policies and procedures. Discussion and analysis of fiduciary net position and related additions and deductions are presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis which can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### Independent Auditors and Actuary

The Office of the Auditor General (OAG), independent auditors, conducted an annual audit of the System. The independent auditor's report on the System's financial statements is included in the Financial Section in this report.

An actuarial valuation is conducted annually. The purpose of the valuation is to evaluate the mortality, service, compensation, and other financial experience of the System and to recommend employer contributions for the subsequent year. The annual actuarial valuation was completed by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Actuarial certification and supporting statistics are included in the Actuarial Section of this report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Public Act 234 of 1992 authorized the merger of the Probate Judges' Retirement Fund into the Judges' Retirement Fund by requiring the consolidation of all assets, rights, and obligations under the former Judges' and Probate Judges' Retirement Funds to establish the Judges' Retirement System. A 9-member board and the director of the Department of Technology, Management, and Budget (DTMB), govern the system. Executive Order 2015-13 created a State of Michigan Retirement Board responsible for the functions, duties, and responsibilities of the State Employees' Retirement System, the Judges' Retirement System, and the Military Retirement Provisions. Public Act 523 of 1996, effective March 31, 1997 closed the plan to new entrants. Judges' or state officials newly appointed or elected on or after March 31, 1997, become members of the State's defined contribution (DC) plan. The System serves over 650 members. Financing comes from member contributions, court filing fees as provided under law, investment earnings, and legislative appropriations. A detailed plan description is included in Note 1 of the Financial Section in this report.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK**

Despite a long-term mix of both challenging and robust economic times, the System continues to show steady performance.

#### Investments

The State of Michigan Investment Board is the investment fiduciary and custodian of all investments of the System pursuant to State law. The primary investment objective is to maximize the rate of return on the total investment portfolio, consistent with a high degree of prudence and sufficient diversity to eliminate inordinate risks and to meet the actuarial assumption for the investment rate of return. The investment activity for the year produced a total rate of return on the portfolio of 25.9 percent for the pension plan and 24.5 percent for the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan. For the last five years, the System has experienced an annualized rate of return of 11.8 percent for the pension plan and 11.4 percent for the OPEB plan. A summary of asset allocation and rates of return can be found in the Investment Section of this report.

#### Accounting System

Transactions of the System are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. Participants' benefits are recorded when payable by law.

#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

We believe that the accounting and administrative internal controls established by the System provide reasonable assurance the System is carrying out its responsibilities in safeguarding its assets, in maintaining the reliability of the financial records for preparing financial statements, and in maintaining accountability for its assets.

#### **Funding**

Funds are derived from the excess of additions to plan net position over deductions from plan fiduciary net position. Funds are accumulated by the System to meet future benefit obligations to retirees and beneficiaries. The percentage computed by dividing the actuarial value of assets by the actuarial accrued liability is referred to as the "funded ratio." This ratio provides an indication of the funding status of the System and generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the System.

**Pension** - A actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for pension benefits of the System were \$259.4 million and \$269.5 million, respectively, resulting in a funded ratio of 96.3 percent as of September 30, 2020. A historical perspective of funding levels for the Pension Plan is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Actuarial Section of this report.

Other Postemployment Benefits – Prefunding for OPEB began in fiscal year 2018. The actuarial value of the assets and actuarial accrued liability for OPEB were \$9.3 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, resulting in a funded ration 101.1 percent September 30, 2020. A historical perspective of funding levels is presented on the Schedule of Funding Progress in the Actuarial section in this report.

#### **MAJOR GOALS ACCOMPLISHED**

**Newsletters shift to quarterly publications** - Beginning in March 2021, both the *Connections* and *Proactive* newsletters — for our retired and active customers, respectively — changed from biannual to quarterly publications. The printed *Connections* newsletter also went entirely digital. (The *Proactive* newsletter was already digital.) We doubled our efforts to deliver more timely and relevant information in a predictable format, maintaining a digital presence through the pandemic and beyond. Historically the printed *Connections* newsletter required preparations months in advance, which was a limiting factor in the production process. We also will save over \$30,000 a year in printing costs by moving *Connections* to digital delivery.

**Infographics share remote work successes -** As we adapted to remote work, ORS staff found new ways to engage customers and keep our work visible. Over the course of a year, leaders of each process reported notable work that was completed in their area each month. These reports were then converted into infographics representing the accomplishments of the business processes and shared regularly on our Facebook page. These posts were consistently among the top five in engagement for every month of the campaign.

Regular one-on-one meetings sustain relationships, performance - One-on-one meetings between leaders and their direct reports have been a standard practice for several years at ORS. But with the disruption and isolation of remote work, these no-less-than-biweekly meetings have proved vital to build and maintain positive relationships, foster effective communication, and support performance management. Every leader is expected to establish one-on-one meetings with each of their direct reports and to adhere to specific outcomes.

Leadership fosters open communication with town halls, blogs, videos - Over the past year, we have normalized more frequent communications from our leadership team to staff. In addition to the biweekly blogs produced by ORS Director Anthony Estell, the ORS division directors and senior executive assistant began producing biweekly videos for staff. The result is a weekly cadence of leadership communication. Additionally, we have continued quarterly town hall events that have been heavily dedicated to recognition, significant updates from leadership, and leadership fielding questions and answers from staff. These have all proved beneficial in maintaining an executive presence and being open and transparent with timely communications.

**ORS exploring different approach to IT development -** In fall 2021, we began exploring a new method to develop technical solutions for the business with our partners in the DTMB Application Support Team. Historically, ORS has used a waterfall approach to IT projects which involves fully developing a product before delivery. Value is gained upon project completion, not during development and testing. This pivot in practice adopts an iterative approach, reducing the cycle from development to market. The time savings comes from first delivering simple, viable products and adding features and complexity in subsequent releases. ORS has already completed one

#### **LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL**

release using this methodology. The new approach also introduced ORS to Azure DevOps software for planning and organizing the related business activities.

**ORS** reaches new milestone for monthly pension payments - This July, for the first time in ORS' history, we issued over 300,000 pension payments in a single month. The new milestone was confirmed after the monthly pension payroll processed in mid-July for all retirement systems administered by ORS.

#### **HONORS**

**Public Pension Standards Award** – ORS was awarded the 2021 Standards Award from the Public Pension Coordinating Councils Standards Program (PPCC) for both funding and administration. ORS has received these awards every year since 2004. The PPCC Standards reflect expectations for public retirement system management and administration and serve as a benchmark for all DB public plans to be measured.

**Government Finance Officers Association Award** – The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded the retirement system with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for our fiscal year 2020 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). This marks the 30<sup>th</sup> consecutive year ORS has received this prestigious award.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the dedication and cooperation of many people. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, as a means of determining compliance with legal provisions, and as a means for determining responsible stewardship of the funds of the System. We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, advisors, and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Michigan Judges Retirement System. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the System.

We would, therefore, like to express our appreciation for the assistance given by staff, the advisors, and the many people who contributed to its preparation. We believe their combined efforts have produced a report that will enable employers and plan members to better evaluate and understand the Michigan Judges' Retirement System. Their cooperation contributes significantly to the success of the System.

Sincerely,

Michell Lange

Michelle Lange, Acting Director

Department of Technology, Management, & Budget

Anthony J. Estell, Director
Office of Retirement Services

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION**

#### RETIREMENT BOARD MEMBERS\*

As of January 11, 2022

Phil Thompson General Public

Term Expires Dec. 31, 2023

Ann Marie Storberg

Ex-officio Member Representing

State Treasurer

David A. Berridge, Chair Active State Employee Term Expires Dec. 31, 2024

John Gnodtke

Ex-officio Member Representing State Personnel Director

Lauri Schmidt, Vice Chair Retired State Employee Term Expires Dec. 31, 2023 Lisa Geminick Ex-officio Member Representing Attorney

General

Craig Murray

Ex-officio Member Representing

**Auditor General** 

Judge Leo Bowman Active Judge

Term Expires Dec. 31, 2025

Col. Felipe Torres Michigan National Guard

Dec. 31, 2025 Term Expires Dec. 31, 2022

#### **ADVISORS AND CONSULTANTS**

As of January 11, 2022

Actuaries

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co. Mita D. Drazilov Southfield, Michigan **Independent Auditors** 

Doug A. Ringler, C.P.A., C.I.A. Auditor General State of Michigan **Investment Manager and Custodian** 

Rachael Eubanks State Treasurer State of Michigan

**Legal Advisor** 

Dana Nessel Attorney General State of Michigan **Investment Performance Measurement** 

**State Street Corporation** 

State Street Investment Analytics

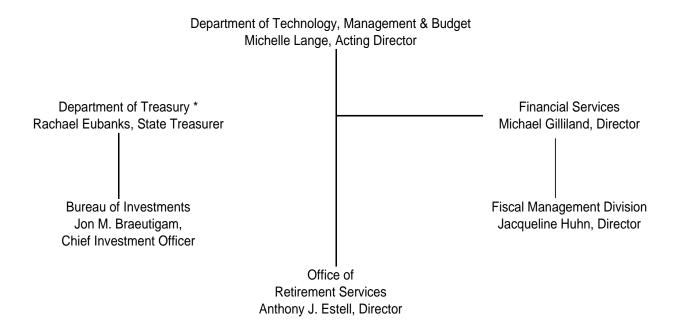
Boston, MA

<sup>\*</sup> Statute provides that board members may continue to serve after their term expires until they are replaced or reappointed.

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION**

#### **ORGANIZATION CHART**

As of January 11, 2022



\* The investments of the System are managed by the Michigan Department of Treasury. Information on the investments and the fiduciary, Michigan Department of Treasury, can be found in the Investment Section, Introduction. In addition, see the Investment Section, Schedule of Investment Fees (page 68) and Schedule of Investment Commissions (page 69), for information regarding the investment fees and commissions paid as well as investment professionals utilized by the System.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION		
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Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Note to Required Supplementary Information
Supporting Schedules



# **Doug A. Ringler, CPA, CIA**Auditor General

201 N. Washington Square, Sixth Floor • Lansing, Michigan 48913 • Phone: (517) 334-8050 • audgen.michigan.gov

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements and Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards* 

Mr. David A. Berridge, Chair State of Michigan Retirement Board and Ms. Michelle Lange, Acting Director Department of Technology, Management, and Budget and Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Office of Retirement Services

Dear Mr. Berridge, Ms. Lange, and Mr. Estell:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System a fiduciary component unit of the State of Michigan, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System as of September 30, 2021 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, the Michigan Judges' Retirement System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.



Mr. David Berridge, Chair Ms. Michelle Lange, Acting Director Mr. Anthony J. Estell, Director Page 2

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability, schedule of pension contributions, schedule of pension investment returns, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability, schedule of OPEB contributions, schedule of OPEB investment returns, and related note, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The supporting schedules and the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supporting schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supporting schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue a report on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely.

Doug Ringler
Auditor General
January 11, 2022

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Our discussion and analysis of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System's (System) financial performance provides an overview of the System's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section on page 4 and the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- System assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2021 by \$311.7 million (reported as net position restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB). Fiduciary net position is restricted to meet future benefit payments.
- Additions for the year were \$72.7 million, which are comprised primarily of member contributions of \$0.5 million, employer contributions of \$3.1 million, and investment gains of \$69.0 million.
- Deductions for the year \$24.9 million, which are comprised primarily of retirement benefits of \$24.3 million and administrative and other expenses \$480.6 thousand.

# THE STATEMENT OF PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) consists of two financial statements; *The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 18) and *The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position* (page 19). These financial statements report information about the System, as a whole, and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is the System, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents all of the System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as fiduciary net position. Over time, increases and decreases in fiduciary net position measure whether the System's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position presents how the System's fiduciary net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two financial statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (page 45), the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (page 47), and Schedules of Contributions (page 46 & 48) to determine whether the System is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

System total assets as of September 30, 2021, were \$322.2 million and were mostly comprised of investments and securities lending collateral. Total assets increased \$47.0 million or 17.1% between fiscal years 2020 and 2021 due primarily to increase in investments.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2021, were \$10.5 million and were comprised of unearned revenue, accounts payable and obligations under securities lending. Total liabilities decreased \$747.9 thousand or 6.7% between fiscal years 2020 and 2021 due primarily to decrease obligations under securities lending.

System assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2021 by \$311.7 million. Total net position restricted for pension and OPEB increased \$47.8 million or 18.1% between fiscal years 2020 and 2021 due primarily to a increase in investments.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

#### **PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

(in thousands)

	2021		2020	Increase (Decrease)		
Assets						
Equity in common cash	\$	4,121	\$	4,638	11.1	%
Receivables		57		135	(58.0)	
Investments		307,660		259,201	18.7	
Securities lending collateral		10,366		11,203	(7.5)	
Total Assets		322,204		275,178	17.1	
Liabilities						
Unearned Revenue		7		-	100.0	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		107		25	327.4	
Obligations under securities lending		10,366		11,203	(7.5)	
Total Liabilities		10,481		11,228	(6.7)	
Net Position Restricted for						
Pension Benefits and OPEB	\$	311,723	\$	263,949	18.1	%

#### **ADDITIONS TO PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

The reserves needed to finance pension and other postemployment benefits are accumulated through the collection of member contributions, employer contributions, and earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment income for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$72.7 million.

Total additions for fiscal year 2021 increased \$55.3 million or 318.9% from those of fiscal year 2020 due primarily to an increase in net investments. Employer contributions totaled \$3.1 million in fiscal year 2021 as compared to \$3.2 million in fiscal year 2020. The decrease in employer contributions was due to OPEB not receiving as much funding compared to fiscal year 2021. The Investment Section of this report reviews the results of investment activity for fiscal year 2021.

#### **DEDUCTIONS FROM PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

The primary deductions of the System include the payment of pension benefits to members and beneficiaries, payment for health, dental and vision benefits, and the cost of administering the System. Retirement benefits, health benefits, uncollectible receivables and administrative and other expenses for fiscal year 2021 were \$24.9 million.

Total deductions for fiscal year 2021 increased \$27.5 thousand or 0.1% from fiscal year 2020. Payments for health care benefits for members and beneficiaries decreased during the year by \$53.2 thousand or 38.9% from \$136.6 thousand to \$83.4 thousand. Health care benefit decreased due to a decrease in Optum Rx claims for 2021. The payment of pension benefits increased by \$30.1 thousand or 0.1% between fiscal years 2020 and 2021. In fiscal year 2021, the increase in pension benefit expense resulted from new retirees earning higher pensions. The write-off of uncollectible receivables of \$45.1 thousand, also contributed to the increase in deductions.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

#### **CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

(in thousands)

	2021			2021 2020		Increase (Decrease)		
Additions								
Member contributions	\$	523	\$	634	17.5	%		
Employer contributions		3,066		3,238	(5.3)			
Other governmental contributions		103		55	89.2			
Net investment income (loss)		68,961		13,401	414.6			
Miscellaneous		12		19_	(37.3)			
Total additions		72,664		17,346	318.9			
Deductions								
Pension benefits		24,281		24,251	0.1			
Health care benefits		83		137	(38.9)			
Refunds of contributions		1		-	100.0			
Uncollectable receivable		45		-	100.0			
Administrative and other expenses		481		476	1.0			
Total deductions		24,890		24,863	0.1			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		47,774		(7,517)	(735.5)			
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits and OPEB:								
Beginning of Year		263,949		271,466	(2.8)			
End of Year	\$	311,723	\$	263,949	18.1	%		

#### RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS A WHOLE

The System's overall Fiduciary Net Position experienced an increase in fiscal year 2021 by \$47.8 million. The System's rate of return on investment increased overall 20.9% from a 5.0% return in fiscal year 2020 to a 25.9% return for the Pension Plan and increased an overall 19.6% from a 4.9% return in fiscal year 2020 to a 24.5% return for the OPEB Plan during fiscal year 2021. Management believes that the System remains financially sound and positioned to meet its ongoing benefit obligations due, in part, to a prudent investment program, cost controls, and strategic planning.

#### CONTACTING SYSTEM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Retirement Board, our membership, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Retirement Services, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909-7671.

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#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

As of September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

	i	Pension Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
Assets:				 _
Equity in common cash	\$	2,169	\$ 1,952	\$ 4,121
Receivables:				
Amounts due from members		2	-	2
Amounts due from employers		10	-	10
Amounts due from federal agencies - current		-	16	16
Amounts due from other		-	25	25
Interest and dividends		4	-	4
Total receivables		16	 41	57
Investments:				
Short term investment pools		5,612	553	6,166
Fixed income pools		30,408	895	31,303
Domestic equity pools		69,097	2,401	71,497
Real estate and infrastructure pools		21,118	534	21,652
Private equity pools		70,031	2,430	72,461
International equity pools		48,880	1,613	50,493
Absolute return pools		16,103	345	16,447
Real return and opportunistic pools		36,510	1,132	37,642
Total investments		297,757	9,903	307,660
Securities lending collateral		10,029	 337	10,366
Total assets		309,971	 12,232	 322,204
Liabilities:				
Unearned Revenue Accounts payable and		-	7	7
other accrued liabilities Obligations under		1	105	107
securities lending		10,029	337	 10,366
Total liabilities		10,031	450	 10,481
Net Position Restricted for				
Pension Benefits and OPEB:	\$	299,941	\$ 11,782	\$ 311,723

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PENSION PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

	Pension Plan	OPEB Plan	Total
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Member contributions	\$ 415	\$ 108	\$ 523
Employer contributions	2,850	216	3,066
Other governmental contributions		103	103
Total contributions	3,264	428	3,692
Investment income (loss):			
Net increase (decrease) in fair			
value of investments	62,256	2,168	64,424
Interest, dividends, and other Investment expenses:	5,583	202	5,785
Other investment expenses	(1,238)	(46)	(1,284)
Securities lending activities:			
Securities lending income	46	2	48
Securities lending expenses	(12)	<u>-</u>	(13)
Net investment income (loss)	66,635	2,325	68,961
Miscellaneous income		12	12
Total additions	69,900	2,765	72,664
Deductions:			
Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries:			
Retirement benefits	24,281	-	24,281
Health benefits	-	83	83
Refunds of contributions	-	1	1
Uncollectable receivable	-	45	45
Administrative and other expenses  Total deductions	376	105	481
	24,656	234	24,890
Net Increase (Decrease)			
in Net Position	45,243	2,531	47,774
Net Position Restricted for			
Pension Benefits and OPEB:	054.00	0.050	000 040
Beginning of Year	254,697	9,252	263,949
End of Year	\$ 299,941	\$ 11,782	\$ 311,723

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 1 - Plan Description

The Michigan Judges' Retirement System (System) is a single-employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan and fiduciary component unit of the State of Michigan (State), created under Public Act 234 of 1992, which consolidated the former Judges' and Probate Judges' Retirement Systems into one retirement system. Section 204 of this Act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. Executive Order 2015-13 signed by the Governor on October 27, 2015 established the State of Michigan Retirement Board. The executive order establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provision of the System. The board consists of nine members:

#### **ORGANIZATION**

- The Attorney General
- The State Treasurer
- The Legislative Auditor General
- The State Personnel Director
- One member or retirant of the State Employees' Retirement System appointed by the Governor
- One member or retirant of the Judges' Retirement System appointed by the Governor
- One current or former officer or enlisted person in the Michigan Military Establishment who is a member or retirant under the Military Retirement Provisions appointed by the Governor
- One retirant member of the State Employees' Retirement System appointed by the Governor
- · One member of the general public appointed by the Governor

The System's pension plan was established to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to judges in the judicial branch of state government. In addition, the System's OPEB plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, dental, and vision coverage under the Michigan Judges' Retirement Act. There are 36 participating courts. The System also includes the Governor of the State of Michigan, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Legislative Auditor General, and the Constitutional Court Administrator if elected prior to March 31, 1997. (Officials elected on or after March 31, 1997, are part of the Defined Contribution Retirement Plan). The System is a qualified pension trust fund under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The System is included in the pension and other employee trust fund financial statements in the State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget (DTMB). The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **MEMBERSHIP**

At September 30, 2021, the System's pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits: Regular benefits 367 Survivor benefits 153 Disability benefits 525 Total Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits: 0 Active plan members: 53 Vested Non-vested 0 **Total** 53 Total plan members 578

Plan 1 or 2 members (Supreme Court Justice, Court of Appeals, or elected officials) may enroll in the State Health Plan when they retire, and their health premium rate is subsidized. All other members may enroll in the State Health Plan if they wish to, but they must pay the entire premium cost. The number of participants is as follows:

#### **Subsidized OPEB Plan**

Participants eligible for subsidized benefits:

Retirees and Survivors	39
Inactive vested members	24
Active members	35

Participants receiving subsidized benefits:

Health	39
Пеанн	J9

Expenses for the year (in thousands)	\$ 234
Employer payroll contribution rates	0%

#### **BENEFIT PROVISIONS - PENSION**

#### Introduction

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 234 of 1992, Michigan Judges' Retirement Act, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan. Retirement benefits are determined by final compensation and years of service. Members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits.

A member who leaves judicial service may request a refund of his or her member contribution account. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. Returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service credit through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements. For salary, contribution and calculation of retirement benefit, the membership of the System is categorized into seven plans. The categories are based on the position to which the member was elected or appointed. Public Act 523 of 1996, effective March 31, 1997, closed the plan to new entrants. Judges or State officials newly appointed or elected on or after March 31, 1997, become members of the defined contribution plan.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Regular Retirement

The retirement benefit or allowance is calculated in accordance with the formula of the plan, which applies to the member. The formula is based on a member's years of credited service (employment) and final compensation. The normal retirement benefit is payable monthly over the lifetime of a member.

A member may retire and receive a monthly benefit after attaining:

- age 60 with 8 or more years of credited service; or
- age 55 with 18 or more years of credited service (the last 6 years continuous); or
- 25 or more years of service, the last 6 years continuous; no age requirement; or
- age 60 with service of two full terms in the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, or Attorney General, or one full term in the office of Legislative Auditor General.

#### Early Retirement

A member may retire early with a permanently reduced pension:

- after completing at least 12 but less than 18 years of service, of which the last 6 years are continuous; and
- after attaining age 55.

The early pension is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced 0.5% for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60.

#### **Deferred Retirement**

A member with 8 or more years of credited service who terminates judicial service before meeting the age requirements to receive a retirement allowance and who does not withdraw his or her contributions, is entitled to receive a monthly allowance upon reaching age 60 or age 55 with 18 years of service, the last 6 of which were continuous.

#### **Disability Benefit**

A member with 8 or more years of credited service who is totally disabled from physically or mentally performing his or her duties is eligible for a disability pension. The disability benefit is computed in the same manner as an age and service allowance based upon service and final salary at the time of disability.

#### **Pension Payment Options**

A pension is payable monthly for the lifetime of a System retiree and equals 3% of final salary times years of service for up to 12 years of service; or 50% of salary with 12 years, increased 2.5% for each additional year up to a maximum of 60% of salary. A former retiree of the Probate Judges' Retirement System receives 3% of salary times years of service, to a maximum of the greater of 40% of salary or \$15,000 but not to exceed 66 2/3% of final salary when added to a county pension; or 3.5% of salary times years of service with a maximum of two thirds of final salary, if elected.

#### Straight Life

This option provides the highest monthly retirement allowance. Surviving spouse receives a 50% survivor's benefit.

#### **Option A**

Under this option, after the retiree's death, the beneficiary will receive 100% of the pension for the remainder of the beneficiary's lifetime. If this option is elected, the normal retirement benefit is reduced by a factor based upon the ages of the retiree and of the beneficiary.

#### **Option B**

Under this option, after the retiree's death, the beneficiary will receive 50% of the pension for the remainder of the beneficiary's lifetime. If this option is elected, the normal retirement benefit is reduced by a factor based upon the ages of the retiree and of the beneficiary. The reduction factor is smaller than the factor used in Option A above.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### Survivor Benefit

A survivor benefit may be paid if 1) a member who has 8 or more years of credited service dies while in office, 2) a vested former member dies before retirement, or 3) a retiree dies following retirement.

#### **Contributions**

#### **Member Contributions**

Members currently participate on a contributory basis. For contribution purposes, the membership of the System is categorized in seven plans, which are based on the position to which the member was elected or appointed.

Under certain circumstances, members may contribute to the System for the purchase of creditable service, such as military service or other public service. If a member terminates covered employment before a retirement benefit is payable, the member's contribution and interest on deposit may be refunded. If the member dies before being vested, the member's contribution and interest are refunded to the designated beneficiaries.

#### **Publicly Financed Contributions**

There are two public sources which fund retirement benefits: Court fees and State appropriations. The State contributes annually the greater of 3.5% of the aggregate annual compensation of State-paid base salaries, or the difference between the total actuarial requirement of current service and unfunded accrued liabilities minus the revenues from court filing fees and member contributions. If the court fees deposited in the reserve for employer contributions equal the amount needed in addition to other publicly financed contributions to sustain the required level of publicly financed contributions, Section 304(4) of Judges' Retirement Act requires court fees be deposited in the court fee fund. A chart showing the publicly financed contribution rates is included in Note 3.

Public Act 95 of 2002 authorizes the State Treasurer, if funds remain in the court fee fund after transfers, to transmit a portion of the money in the court fee fund and any earnings on those amounts to the reserve for health benefits. The purpose of this transfer is to pay expected health care costs for the subsequent fiscal year that are not covered as a result of employee contributions. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$216,165.

#### BENEFIT PROVISIONS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT

Benefit provisions of the postemployment benefit plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 234 of 1992, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the OPEB plan. Members are eligible to receive health, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage on the first day they start receiving pension benefits. There is no provision for ad hoc or automatic increases. The Judges' Retirement Act requires joint authorization by DTMB and the Civil Service Commission to make changes to retiree medical benefit plans.

Under the Michigan Judges' Retirement Act, Plan 1 or 2 members may enroll in the State Health Plan when they retire. If a Plan 1 or 2 benefit recipient is a former member of the defined benefit pension plan, then eighty percent of the health insurance premium is paid by the System until age 65, at which time Medicare provides primary health insurance coverage and is fully paid by the System.

Plan 1 and 2 benefit recipients that are former qualified participants in the defined contribution plan and were never members of the defined benefit pension plan, receive a graded health insurance premium subsidy paid by the System. The graded premium subsidy is based upon Medicare eligibility and years of service. For those that are not Medicare eligible the premium subsidy is a percentage of the maximum 80% pre-Medicare premium subsidy. For those that are Medicare eligible, it is a percentage of the maximum 100% Medicare premium subsidy. The following State paid graded premium subsidy applies:

- 4 years of service: 50% of the applicable subsidy (80% non-Medicare, 100% Medicare)
- 5 years of service: 75% of the applicable subsidy (80% non-Medicare, 100% Medicare)
- 6 or more years of service: 90% of the applicable subsidy (80% non-Medicare, 100% Medicare)

All other members may enroll in the State Health Plan during an open enrollment period. The total premium is paid by the member. The active employee payroll contribution rate to fund health benefits for the Plan 1 or 2 members was 2.0% for fiscal year 2021. The employer contributes to fund health benefits based upon the results of the annual JRS retiree healthcare actuarial valuation.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

All retirees may enroll in the state dental and/or vision plan during an open enrollment period. The total premium is paid by the member.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Court filing fees are recognized as revenue in the period received since amount of court fee revenue is unknown. Contributions from the State are recognized as revenue when due and payable. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the System.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 and Statement No. 74, which were adopted during the year ended September 30, 2014 and 2017, addresses accounting and financial reporting requirements for pension and other postemployment benefit plans, respectively. The requirements for both GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 require changes in presentation of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. Significant changes include an actuarial calculation of the total and net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. It also includes comprehensive note disclosures regarding the pension and other postemployment benefit liability, the sensitivity of the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability to the discount rate, and increased investment activity disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 67 and 74 did not significantly impact the accounting for accounts receivable and investment balances. The total pension and other postemployment benefit liability, determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 74, is presented in Note 4, Note 5 and in the Required Supplementary Information beginning on page 45.

As of September 30, 2016, the Retirement System applies GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

#### **RESERVES**

Public Act 234 of 1992, as amended, created several reserves. The reserves are described below and details are provided in the supporting schedules.

#### Reserve for Employee Contributions

This reserve represents active member contributions, payments for the purchase of service credit, repayment of previously refunded contributions and interest less amounts transferred to the Reserve for Retirement Benefit Payments for regular and disability retirement, amounts refunded to terminated members, and transferring inactive reserves. At September 30, 2021, the balance in this reserve was \$30.5 million.

#### Reserve for Employer Contributions

This reserve represents court fees, late fees, interest payments, employer contributions, and State appropriations. Amounts are transferred annually from this reserve to the Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments to fund that reserve. At September 30, 2021, the balance in this reserve was \$48.2 million.

#### Reserve for Retired Benefit Payments

This reserve represents the reserves for payment of future retirement benefits to current retirees. At retirement, a member's accumulated contributions plus interest are transferred into this reserve from the Reserve for Employee Contributions and the Reserve for Employer Contributions. Monthly benefits, which are paid to the retiree, reduce the reserve. At the end of each fiscal year, an amount is transferred from the Reserve for Employer Contributions to bring the reserve into balance with the actuarial present value of retirement allowances. At September 30, 2021, the balance in this reserve was \$221.3 million.

#### Reserve for Undistributed Investment Income

This reserve is credited with all investment earnings, changes in fair value, gifts to the System, and forfeited contributions. All administrative expenses are paid from this reserve and interest is transferred annually to the other reserves. At September 30, 2021, the balance in this reserve was \$0.0.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Reserve for Health (OPEB) Related Benefits

This reserve is credited with member contributions for retirees' health, dental, and vision benefits. Starting in fiscal year 2018, the employer contributions is based on a prefunded basis and represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The actual annual contributions have been less than the actuarially determined contribution (ADC). In addition, in fiscal year 2021, this reserve includes revenue from the federal government for the Employee Group Waiver Plan (EGWP). Premiums for health, dental and vision benefits are paid from this reserve. At September 30, 2021, the balance in this reserve was \$11.8 million.

#### **REPORTING ENTITY**

The System is a fiduciary component unit of the State of Michigan. As such, the System financial statements are included as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund in the State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The System and its Board are not financially accountable for any other entities or other organizations. Accordingly, the System is the only entity included in this financial report.

#### **BENEFIT PROTECTION**

Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed by the Michigan Legislature to protect pension benefits of public employees from alienation (being transferred). Alienation is attachment, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy or other legal process except for divorce orders or eligible domestic relation orders. The statutes governing the System contained an "anti-alienation" clause to provide for this protection; however, many smaller public pension systems did not have the benefit of this protection. Therefore, Public Act 100 of 2002 was passed to establish legal protection of pension assets that encompasses all public employees.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

Generally, investments are reported at fair value, consistent with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper are reported at amortized cost. Additional disclosures describing investments are provided in Note 6.

#### **INVESTMENT INCOME**

Dividend and interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Fair value changes are recorded as investment income or loss. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded as of the trade date (the date upon which the transaction is initiated), except for purchase and sale of mortgages, real estate, and private equity investments which are recorded as of the settlement date (the date upon which the transaction is ultimately completed). The effect of recording such transactions as of the settlement date does not materially affect the financial statements.

#### **COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THE SYSTEM**

Each year a restricted general fund appropriation is requested to fund the ongoing business operations of the System. These administrative costs are ultimately funded by the System through the regular transfer of funds from the System to the State's general fund based on either a direct cost or allocation basis depending on the nature of the expense. Costs of administering the System are financed by undistributed investment income of the System.

#### PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Office space is leased from the State on a year-to-year basis. Office equipment is capitalized if the value exceeds \$5,000. These assets are recorded at cost and are reported net of depreciation in the *Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. Such assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over 10 years. The System does not have equipment that falls within these parameters.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### Leases and Services

The System leases operating space and purchases certain administrative, data processing, legal and investment services from the State. The space and services are not otherwise available by competitive bid. The schedule below summarizes costs incurred by the System for such services.

	2021
Building Rentals	\$ 1,362
Technological Support	16,204
Attorney General	46,319
Investment Services	59,306
Personnel Services	225,048

#### Cash

At September 30, 2021, the System had \$4,121 million in a common cash investment pool maintained for various State operating funds. The participating funds in the common cash pool earn interest at various rates depending upon prevailing short-term interest rates. Earnings (Losses) from these activities amounted to \$2,234 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

#### **EXCESS BENEFITS**

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Code Section 415 requires that, for individuals who receive retirement benefits in excess of established limits, these benefits are recorded and reported outside of the pension plan in order to keep the qualified status of the plan. This includes coordination of benefit issues whereby a retiree participates in more than one qualified plan. In fiscal year 2021, the System provided excess benefits to one retiree.

#### Note 3 - Contributions and Funded Status

#### **CONTRIBUTIONS**

Members' contributions range from 3.5% to 7% of their salary depending on the plan (described in statute). Contributions are tax deferred under Section 414(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except for probate judges whose contributions are tax deferred only if the local unit of government has adopted a resolution to do so. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

The State contributes annually the greater of 3.5% of the aggregate annual compensation of State paid base salaries, or the difference between the total actuarial requirement of current service and unfunded actuarial liabilities minus the revenues from court filing fees and member contributions. Although contributions are expressed as a percentage of payroll, because the system is a closed plan, the actuarial valuation calculates a level dollar amount for funding purposes. For fiscal year 2021, an employer contribution in the amount of \$2.8 million was paid from the court fee fund. If the court fees deposited in the reserve for employer contributions equal the amount needed in addition to other publicly financed contributions to sustain the required level of publicly financed contributions, Section 304(4) requires court fees to be deposited in the court fee fund in the State Treasury. The State Treasurer transmits the money in the court fee fund, not exceeding \$2.2 million in any fiscal year, to the court equity fund for operational expenses of trial courts.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, were determined as of the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) as of September 30, 2020, are amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2020 and ending September 30, 2036.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The schedule below summarizes pension and OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021.

#### PENSION CONTRIBUTION RATES

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer*
Supreme Court	5.0 %	0 %
Court of Appeals	5.0	0
Elected Officials	5.0	0
Circuit Court	3.5 - 7.0	0
District Court	3.5 - 7.0	0
Probate Court	3.5 - 7.0	0

<sup>\*</sup> Employer Contributions are paid through court fees.

#### **OPEB CONTRIBUTION RATES**

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer*
Cum rama Caunt	2.0.0/	0.0/
Supreme Court	2.0 %	0 %
Court of Appeals	2.0	0
Elected Officials	2.0	0
Circuit Court	0.0	0
District Court	0.0	0
Probate Court	0.0	0

<sup>\*</sup> Employer Contributions are paid through court fees.

#### **NOTE 4 – NET PENSION LIABILITY**

#### **MEASUREMENT OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY**

The net pension liability is to be measured as the total pension liability, less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

#### Net Pension Liability

Total Pension Liability	\$ 264,088,569
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	299,940,862
Net Pension Liability	\$ (35,852,293)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	113.58%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	(455.67)%
Total Covered Payroll	\$ 7,868,002

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

#### LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

#### Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
TOTAL	100.0 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

#### RATE OF RETURN

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 26.64%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **DISCOUNT RATE**

The State of Michigan Retirement Board adopted a Dedicated Gains Policy to lower the discount rate in years where investment returns exceed the current assumption. A single rate discount of 6.25% was used to measure the total pension liability for fiscal year 2021. In fiscal year 2020, the single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single rate discount was based on the assumption that in the future, plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 67, the following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	<b>Current Discount</b>	
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
\$(15,108,184)	\$(35,852,293)	\$(53,764,977)

#### TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the pension plan's fiscal year end.

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

#### **ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS**

Actuarial valuations for the pension plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 67 for pension.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation used in determining the total pension liability follows:

#### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date September 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal (Term cost for death and disability)

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%, net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increases 3.25%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of Living Pension Adjustments Assumed 3.25% compounded for those eligible

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table scaled

by 100% for both males and females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Table scaled by 100%

for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements

using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table scaled

by 100% for both males and females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Notes Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period

2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension liability beginning with September

30, 2018 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 5 – NET OPEB LIABILITY**

#### **MEASUREMENT OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY**

The net OPEB liability is to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. In actuarial terms, this will be the accrued liability less the fair value of assets (not the smoothed actuarial value of assets that is often encountered in actuarial valuations performed to determine the employer's contribution requirement).

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 9,610,642
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	11,782,305
Net OPEB Liability	\$ (2,171,663)

122.60%

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability

#### LONG-TERM EXPECTED RETURN ON PLAN ASSETS

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

#### Asset Allocation

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0 %	5.4 %
Private Equity Pools	16.0	9.1
International Equity Pools	15.0	7.5
Long-Term Fixed Income Pools	10.5	(0.7)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.4
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.6
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.1
Short-Term Investment Pools	2.0	(1.3)
TOTAL	100.0 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.0% inflation.

#### **RATE OF RETURN**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 16.93%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **DISCOUNT RATE**

The State of Michigan Retirement Board adopted a Dedicated Gains Policy to lower the discount rate in years where investment returns exceed the current assumption. A single discount rate of 7.0% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for fiscal year 2021. In fiscal year 2020, the single discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.0%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate was based on the assumption that in the future plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, the following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current Discount	
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
\$(1,339,922)	\$(2,171,663)	\$(2,880,197)

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATE

As required by GASB Statement No. 74, the following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Current Healthcare					
1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase			
\$(2,934,570)	\$(2,171,663)	\$(1,302,602)			

#### TIMING OF THE VALUATION

An actuarial valuation to determine the total OPEB liability is required to be performed at least every two years. If the actuarial valuation is not calculated as of the plan's fiscal year end, the total OPEB liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year end.

The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2020, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures.

### **ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS**

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The Schedules of Contributions in Required Supplementary Information present trend information about the amounts contributed to the plan by employers in comparison to the ADC, an amount that is actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 74 for OPEB contributions.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation used in determining the total OPEB liability follows:

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date September 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Wage Inflation Rate 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of investment expenses
Projected Salary Increase 3.25%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate<sup>1</sup> Pre-65: 7.5% year 1 graded to 3.50% year 15; 3.00% year 120

Post-65: 6.25% year 1 graded to 3.50% year 15; 3.00% year 120

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables

scaled by 100% for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled by

100% for both males and females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables

scaled by 100% for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Opt Assumptions:

Opt Out Assumptions 0% of eligible participants are assumed to opt out of the retiree

health plan.

Survivor Coverage 100% of male retirees and 100% of female retirees are assumed to

have coverage continuing after the retiree's death when 2-person

coverage was assumed to be elected.

Coverage Election at Retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the

period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension liability beginning with September 30, 2018 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Applies to medical Rx payments

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Note 6 - Investments**

#### **INVESTMENT AUTHORITY**

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems. The Board is responsible for investing the System's assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and with Public Act 380 of 1965, as amended. Investments are made subject to the Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. The Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act authorizes, with certain restrictions, the investment of pension fund assets in stocks, corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgages, real estate, and certain short-term and private equity investments. Investments must be made for the exclusive purposes of providing benefits to active members, retired members and beneficiaries, and for defraying the expenses of investing the assets.

#### **DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

The Board employs the use of derivative instruments in the investment of the pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds (the trust funds).

Derivative instruments are used in managing the trust fund portfolios, but uses do not include speculation or leverage of investments. State investment statutes limit total derivative instrument exposure to 15% of a fund's total asset value, and restrict uses to replication of returns and hedging of assets. Swap agreements represent the largest category of derivative instrument investments subject to this limitation. Option and Future contracts traded daily on an exchange and settling in cash daily or having a limited and fully defined risk profile at an identified, fixed cost are not subject to the derivative instrument exposure limitation. Less than 15% of the total trust funds' portfolio has been invested from time to time in future contracts, swap agreements, structured notes, option and forward contracts.

The derivative instrument fair values are reported on the Statement of Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position as of September 30, 2021, in their respective investment pool's fair value. Derivative instrument net increase and decrease are reported on the Statement of Changes in Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, under "Investment income (loss)", in "Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments". Bond interest, swap payments, and dividends are reported under "Investment income (loss)", in "Interest, dividends, and other".

Derivative Instrument Investment Table as of September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Investment and Investment Type	Percentage of Fair Value	Notional Value	Investments at Fair Value	(	Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value	ı	Investment Income	Fair Value Subject to Credit Risk
Future Contracts Fixed Income and International Investments	- %	\$ (2,253.3) \$	(1.4)	\$	102.9	\$	-	\$ -
Option Contracts Equity, Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	0.3	107,940.8	1,123.6		1,303.8		-	-
Swap Agreements Fixed Income and International Equity Investments	2.5	14,170.2	8,572.4		4,306.0		(9.4)	1,137.3
Total	:	\$ 119,857.8 \$	9,694.6	\$	5,712.7	\$	(9.4)	\$ 1,137.3

To diversify the trust funds' portfolio, Board has entered into international swap agreements with investment grade counterparties, which are tied to stock market indices in approximately forty-six foreign countries. Generally, the notional amount of equity swaps tied to foreign stock market indices is executed via a net total return USD index.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The swap agreements provide that the System will pay quarterly over the term of the swap agreements, interest indexed to the three month London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR) or the U.S. Federal Funds Rate, adjusted for an interest rate spread, on the notional amount stated in the agreements. International equity swap agreement maturity dates range from October 2021 to October 2022. U.S. Treasury Bonds, U.S. Corporate Bonds and other public market fixed income securities, as well as, other investments are held to correspond with the notional amount of the international swap agreements.

The value of the international synthetic equity structures is a combination of the value of the swap agreements and the value of the notes and other investments. The book value represents the cost of the bonds, notes and other investments. The current value represents the current value of the bonds, notes and other investments and the change in the value of the underlying indices from the inception of the swap agreements. The current value is used as a representation of the fair value based on the intention to hold all swap agreements until maturity. At the maturity of the swap agreements, the trust funds will either receive the increase in the value of the equity indices from the level at the inception of the agreements, or pay the decrease in the value of the indices. The combined swap structure generally realizes gains and losses on a rolling basis.

To reduce the risk in the Fixed Income and International Equity portfolio, the Board has entered into FX swap agreements, interest rate swaps agreements and credit default swap agreements with investment grade counterparts. The FX swap agreements are tied to foreign currency forward exchange rates and are used to reduce the currency risk with the fixed income portfolio. The swap agreements are entered into on an as-needed basis and are generally tied to the maturity of the foreign government bond indenture denominated in a foreign currency. The purpose of the FX swap agreement that has a final maturity date of less than three months, is to reduce or eliminate the currency risk on foreign bond transactions. U.S. Domestic LIBOR-based floating rate notes, U.S. Treasury securities, and portfolio cash are held to correspond with the notional amount of FX swap agreements within the Fixed Income and International Equity portfolio. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposure and substitute for physical securities. Long swap positions that receive fixed rate, increase exposure to long-term interest rates; short swap positions that pay fixed rate, decrease exposure. Credit default swaps (CDS) are used to manage credit exposure without buying or selling securities outright. Written CDS increase credit exposure, selling protection, obligating the portfolio to buy bonds from counterparties in the event of a default. Purchased CDS decrease exposure, buying protection, providing the right to "Put" bonds to the counterparty in the event of default.

Counterparty credit risk is the maximum loss amount that would be incurred if the counterparties to the derivative instrument failed to perform according to the terms of the contract, without respect to any collateral or other security, or netting arrangement. For the Over-The-Counter (OTC) derivative instrument investments, the system held collateral of \$172.5 thousand in cash deposits and \$407.6 thousand in securities on behalf of counterparties. Collateral securities in the amount of \$0 were held on our behalf by counterparties.

The Board traded future contracts to manage duration and yield curve exposure, adjust interest rate exposure and replicate bond positions.

To enhance returns while limiting downside risk, the Board traded equity options in single securities and on indices in the Large Cap Core and All Cap GARP funds. Attractively priced equity options were used for the purpose of stock replacement in order to drive excess returns over the S&P 500, as well as to provide added exposure to strong equity markets while limiting principal at risk. Put options are used to protect against large negative moves in market indices. Options traded by the Board in the Fixed Income and International Equity pools are used to manage interest rate and volatility exposures. Written options generated income in expected interest rate scenarios and may generate capital losses, if unexpected interest rate environments are realized. Both written and purchased options will become worthless at expiration if the underlying instrument does not reach the strike price of the option. However, purchased options are often sold well before expiration in order to lock in profits at prices well below listed strike prices, and thereby generate consistent returns.

#### **SECURITIES LENDING**

The System, pursuant to a Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, has authorized State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street") to act as the System's agent in lending the System's securities to approved borrowers. State Street, as agent, enters into Securities Loan Agreements with borrowers.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

During the fiscal year, State Street lent, on behalf of the Board, certain securities of the System held by State Street as custodian and received cash or other collateral including securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government. The types of securities lent were equity, and fixed income, which includes government and corporate bonds and notes. State Street does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to at least 100% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

Pursuant to the Securities Lending Authorization Agreement, State Street had an obligation to indemnify the System in the event of default by a borrower. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year that resulted in a declaration or notice of default of the Borrower.

During the fiscal year, the System and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate securities lending transactions upon notice. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested, together with the cash collateral of other qualified tax-exempt plan lenders, in a collective investment pool. As of September 30, 2021, such investment pool had an average duration of 4 days and an average weighted final maturity of 84 days for USD. Because the loans were terminable at will their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. On September 30, 2021 the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers. The fair value of collateral held and the fair value (USD) of securities on loan for the client as of September 30, 2021 was \$10,366 thousand and \$10,086 thousand respectively.

#### RISK

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, investments require certain disclosures regarding policies and practices and the risks associated with them. The credit risk, (including custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk), the interest rate risk, and the foreign currency risk are discussed in the following paragraphs. Amounts represent the pro rata share of the underlying investments as required by GASB Statement No. 40. These investments are held in internal investment pools and reported as such in the financial statements.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

- Short-Term Fixed Income Investments Eligible commercial paper investments must be rated within one
  of the two highest rating classifications ("1" or "2") at the time of purchase from one of the nationally
  recognized ratings organizations (NRSROs) specified in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended. Borrowers
  must have at least \$400.0 million in commercial paper outstanding, and the Board may not invest in more
  than 10% of the borrower's outstanding debt.
- Long-Term Fixed Income Investments Investment grade and noninvestment grade securities may be
  acquired in compliance with the parameters set forth in Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, and the
  Board's Investment Policy Statement for the System. Public Act 314 defines grade as investments in the
  top four major grades, rated by two national rating services. At September 30, 2021, the System was in
  compliance with Investment Policy Statement in all material aspects.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Rated Debt Investments

(in thousands) As of September 30, 2021

Investment Type	,	Fair Value	S&P	•	Fair Value	Moody's
				•		
Short Term	\$	9,860	A-1	\$	10,391	P-1
		802	A-2		272	P-2
Money Market		2,818	AAA		2,818	Aaa
Government Securities						
U.S. Agencies - Sponsored		4	AAA		1,982	Aaa
		1,978	AA		-	Aa
Fixed Income						
		1,037	AAA		1,917	Aaa
		689	AA		654	Aa
		1,478	Α		1,648	Α
		4,338	BBB		3,704	Baa
		1,330	BB		1,199	Ba
		725	В		898	В
		409	CCC		478	Caa
		319	CC		332	Ca
		-	С		1	С
		128	D		-	D
		7,687	NR		7,308	NR
Securities Lending Collateral						
Short Term		1,567	A-1		1,649	P-1
		.,			.,	
Fixed Income		-	AA		1,355	Aa
		8,374	Α		3,589	Α
		428	NR		3,776	NR
Mutual Funds						
		222	DD5		222	Б.
		338	BBB		338	Baa
		444	BB		444	Ва
Total	\$	44,753		\$	44,753	

NR - Not Rated

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government name.

The Board does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the State's custodial bank had a credit rating of A at September 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2021, no securities were exposed to custodial credit risk.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Other than obligations issued, assumed or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies or United States government sponsored enterprises, the System is prohibited by Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, from investing more than 5% of the outstanding obligations of any one issuer or investing more than 5% of a System's assets in the obligations of any one issuer. When calculating the amount of outstanding obligations, the System includes publicly issued and privately held debt.

At September 30, 2021, there were no investments in any single issuer that accounted for more than 5% of the System's assets. The System held two investments that exceeded the 5% cap. The System is aware of the breach and in accordance with MCL 38.1133(3)(g), is developing a prudent plan for reallocating assets to comply with the prescribed limitations.

#### Interest Rate Risk - Fixed Income Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Board's policy states that cash equivalents are invested in short-term fixed income securities with an average weighted maturity of less than one year to provide liquidity and safety of principal from capital market and default risk. At September 30, 2021, the fair value of the System's short-term investments was \$13.5 million with the weighted average maturity of 125 days.

The Board does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk for long-term debt investments. However, the trust funds are invested with a long-term strategy. The goal is to balance higher returns while accepting minimum risk for the return. Analyzing the yield curve on individual securities as compared to U.S. Treasuries determines, in part, what is an acceptable risk for the return. Therefore, market conditions such as lower interest rates result in shorter duration and higher interest rates result in longer duration.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Debt Securities**

(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2021

	Fa	iir Value	Effective Duration in Years
Government			
U. S. Treasury	\$	11,002	7.1
U. S. Agencies - Backed		1,139	3.9
U. S. Agencies - Sponsored		1,982	3.7
Corporate		18,843	3.0
International*			
U. S. Treasury		3,994	2.0
Corporate		79	0.0
Total	\$	37,039	

Debt securities are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

The System invests in various securities denominated in foreign currencies. Authorized global securities include equities, fixed income, mutual funds, real estate, and limited partnerships. These investments are limited to 30% of the total assets of the System with additional limits of not more than 5% of the outstanding global securities of any one issuer and no more than 5% of the System's assets in the global securities of any one issuer. In addition to these limits, the Board cannot acquire securities with companies that have active business operations in the state sponsors of terror as identified by the United States Secretary of State. At September 30, 2021, the total amount of foreign investment subject to foreign currency risk was \$38.4 million, which amounted to 12.3% of total investments (exclusive of securities lending collateral) of the System.

<sup>\*</sup> International contains Domestic Government and Corporate Debt Securities as a part of their derivative instrument strategies. The interest rates reset on a quarterly basis for these securities.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Foreign Currency Risk

(in thousands)
As of September 30, 2021

Region	Country	Currency	Fai	quity r Value U.S. \$	Fair	Income Value J.S. \$	AI F Fa	national & osolute Return ir Value U.S. \$	Real Infra Fai	te Equity, Estate, & structure r Value U.S. \$
AMERICA	D 11	D I	•		•	-	Φ.	0.4	Φ.	
	Brazil	Real	\$	-	\$	5	\$	24	\$	-
	Canada	Dollar		39		4		305		-
	Mexico	Peso		3		24		81		-
	Peru	Sol		-		3		-		-
	Columbia	Peso		-		1		-		-
	Chile	Peso		-		21		-		-
	Argentina	Peso		-		-		10		-
PACIFIC										
	Australia	Dollar		10		2		333		-
	Hong Kong	Dollar		86		-		382		-
	India	Rupee		-		-		-		-
	Indonesia	Rupiah		10		5		-		-
	Japan	Yen		12		33		302		-
	Malaysia	Ringgit		-		19		-		-
	Taiwan	New Dollar		-		-		175		-
	China	Renminbi		-		-		83		-
	Singapore	Dollar		24		3		-		-
	South Korea	Won		-		83		45		-
	Thailand	Baht		-		7		-		-
	New Zealand	Dollar		-		-		28		-
	China	Yuan		-		(8)		1		-
	China	Yuan Offshore		-		9		-		-
EUROPE										
	Denmark	Krone		-		-		150		-
	European Union	Euro		788		245		1,959		2,423
	Hungry	Forint		-		5		-		-
	U.K.	Pound Sterling		103		57		618		222
	Sweden	Krona		60		-		553		-
	Switzerland	Franc		66		-		81		-
	Czech Republic	Koruna		-		3		-		-
	Russia	Ruble		-		4		-		_
AFRICA										
	South Africa	Rand		13		11		38		_
	Egypt	Pound		-		7		-		_
	Liberia	Dollar		16		_		_		_
	Zambia	Kwacha		-		3		_		_
MIDDLE EAST		rtwaona				Ü				
DDLL LAGI	Israel	New Shekel		_		15		157		_
OTHER	isiasi	I 40M OHEVEL		-		13		101		-
JIHEK	Various			_		_		28,591		=
				4.664						
	Total		\$	1,231	\$	563	\$	33,914	\$	2,645

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

The Retirement System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Not all investments held by the Retirement System are recorded at fair value. GASB 72 allows for certain investments to be recorded at cost (or amortized cost or any other valuation method), and therefore, they are not presented in the fair value hierarchy table. Equity and Fixed Income Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity Swaps and Fixed Income Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique and other significant observable inputs. Equity and Fixed Income Securities classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using third-party data and reports that are unobservable. Securities reported at Net Asset Value (NAV) are valued using the most recent third-party statement adjusted for cash flows as of September 30, 2021. Investments that are measured at fair value using the Net Asset Value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy on the following page.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Retirement System's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Fair Value Measurement Using (in thousands)						usands)	
	Quoted Price			oted Prices In	ces In Significant Other			Significant
			Ad	ctive Markets	Observable		ι	Jnobservable
	Ba	lance at		for		Inputs		Inputs
	Septem	ber 30, 2021	lde	entical Assets				
Investments by fair value level:				(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	67	\$	67	\$	-	\$	-
Equity								
Depository Receipts		503		503		-		-
Warrants		-		-		-		-
Common Stocks		59,054		59,054		-		-
Preferred Stock		52		48		4		-
Real Estate Investment Trusts		2,350		2,350		-		-
Swaps		282		-		282		-
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's		37,920		37,926		(6)		-
Options		975		975		-		-
Total Equity		101,136		100,856		279		-
Fixed Income								
Asset Backed		6,813		-		6,771		42
Corporate Bonds		6,654		-		6,578		76
Commercial Mortgage-backed		5,026		-		5,025		1
Government Issues		15,686		13,227		2,460		-
Swaps		(39)		-		(39)		-
US Agency Issues		2,083		-		2,083		-
Commingled Funds, ETF's, and PTP's		4,012		4,012		-		-
Options		-		-		-		-
Total Fixed Income		40,236		17,239		22,878		119
Total investments by fair value level	\$	141,439	\$	118,163	\$	23,159	\$	118
Investments measured at the net asset value	(NAV)							
Private Equity	\$	71,056						
Real Estate & Infrastructure		21,206						
Absolute Return		16,206						
Real Return & Opportunistic		36,871						
Other Limited Partnerships		6,738	_					
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$	152,078	-					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	293,517	=					

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Additional disclosures for fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate the Net Asset Value per Share (or its equivalent):

### Private Equity Funds (in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 71,056 Unfunded commitments 25,929

This type of investment includes investments in approximately 313 partnerships that invest in leveraged buyouts, venture capital, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary funds and other investments. These types of investments can never be redeemed with the funds, but distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. It's expected that the underlying assets of the fund are liquidated over a period of five to eight years. However, as of September 30, 2021, it is probable that all of the investments in this group will be sold at an amount different from the NAV per share (or its equivalent). Therefore, the fair values of the investments in this type have been determined using recent observable transaction information for similar investments and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of the investments. As of September 30, 2021, a buyer for these investments has not been identified.

### Real Estate and Infrastructure (in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 21,206
Unfunded commitments	6,691

Real Estate and Infrastructure funds include approximately 107 accounts (limited partnerships, limited liability companies, etc.) that invest in real estate or infrastructure related assets. The fair value of the Real Estate and Infrastructure funds have been determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These types of investments cannot be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from these funds will be received as the underlying investments are sold and liquidated over time. It is expected that the underlying assets will be sold over the next 5 – 15 years. However, buyers have not been determined so the fair value has been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital.

## Absolute Return Portfolio (in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 16,206
Unfunded commitments	2,373

This type includes approximately 14 investments in hedge funds and hedge fund of funds that pursue multiple strategies to diversify risks and reduce volatility. The fair values of the investments in this portfolio have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. For 45.8% of the invested capital, investors may redeem at various dates between October 1, 2021 and April 1, 2022; 17.1% of the investments are redeemable between April 1, 2022 through October 1, 2022; 26.2% of the investments are redeemable between October 1, 2022 and October 1, 2032, and the remaining 10.9% is not redeemable on demand.

#### Real Return and Opportunistic Portfolio (in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 36,871
Unfunded commitments	12,726

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This type includes 95 funds that invest in private credit, tangible and intangible real assets, or other real return and opportunistic strategies. The fair values of the investments in this portfolio have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is expected that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next 5 to 10 years. This type also includes one fund that offers quarterly redemptions with 65-day notice.

#### All Other Investments (in thousands)

Total investments measured at the NAV \$ 6,738 Unfunded commitments \$ 2,284

The balance of plan assets reported at fair value include 15 investments:

- LPs that invest in fixed income type investment such as: residential rehabilitation, middle market business loans and senior secured debt financing. These investments cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.
- LPs that invest in fixed income type investments permitting partners to request redemption monthly or quarterly, after initial lock up period of 1 year or less, requiring 45 to 65 days' advance notice.
- LPs investing in global investments permitting partners to request partial redemptions quarterly or monthly, with advance notice, subject to the sole discretion of the general partner.
- LPs that invest in private equity, private credit/loans, and tangible real assets that cannot be redeemed by limited partners. Distributions from each fund will be received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated.

#### Note 7 – Accounting Changes

For fiscal year 2021, the System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement also establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. As a fiduciary component unit of the State, the System will be reported in the pension and other employee benefit trust fund financial statements of the State of Michigan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

#### NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Under the Administrative Procedures Act, members may appeal a decision made by the Retirement Board. Once the administrative procedure has been exhausted, the decision may be appealed in Michigan's court system. Various cases that have exhausted the administrative procedures have been appealed in the court system. These cases are in the normal course of business and the System does not anticipate any material loss as a result of the contingent liabilities.

#### **Note 9 – Subsequent Events**

#### **DISCOUNT RATE-DEDICATED GAINS POLICY**

In 2017, the Department of Technology, Management and Budget Director and the State of Michigan Retirement Board adopted a dedicated gains policy to lower the discount rate in years where investment returns exceed the current assumption based on a schedule determined by the plan actuary. In December 2021, the DTMB Director and the Board modified the dedicated gains policy to limit the reduction in the discount rate to no lower than 6%. This change will impact the fiscal year 2021 pension and OPEB valuations and the calculated total pension and OPEB liabilities, however, the dollar value of this impact cannot be determined at this time.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

				Fisca	al Year			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability	<b>A</b> 4 000 004	₾ 4.700.E40	A 4 005 040	e 4 507 404	A 004.055	Ф 0.000 440	₾ 0.400.F00	A 0.740.504
Service Cost Interest	\$ 1,663,864 16,278,142	\$ 1,732,518 16,631,281	\$ 1,965,612 17,600,673	\$ 1,587,121 19,100,329	\$ 1,861,855 19,688,411	\$ 2,036,413 19,743,433	\$ 2,438,599 19,770,594	\$ 2,746,531 19,569,102
Differences between expected	10,270,142	10,031,201	17,000,073	13,100,323	13,000,411	13,740,400	13,110,334	13,303,102
and actual experience	(1,331,451)	285,943	3,913	(1,498,046)	(4,922,695)	(1,290,275)	923,898	-
Changes of assumptions	•	•	10,077,103	26,652,806	•	2,422,763	•	3,245,892
Benefit payments, including	(0.4.000.000)	(0.4.050.500)	(04.444.044)	(00.050.000)	(00 704 050)	(00.004.004)	(00.044.404)	(00.500.070)
refunds of member contributions	(24,280,660) (7,670,105)	(24,250,596) (5,600,854)	(24,111,344) 5,535,957	(23,958,390) 21,883,820	(23,724,056) (7,096,485)	(23,301,601)	(23,241,431) (108,340)	(22,536,376)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(7,070,100)	(0,000,004)	0,000,907	21,000,020	(7,090,400)	(309,201)	(100,340)	3,025,149
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	271,758,674	277,359,528	271,823,571	249,939,751	257,036,236	257,425,503	257,533,843	254,508,694
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$264,088,569	\$271,758,674	\$277,359,528	\$ 271,823,571	\$249,939,751	\$ 257,036,236	\$257,425,503	\$ 257,533,843
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,849,923	\$ 2,840,119	\$ 2,827,661	\$ 1,736,417	\$ 1,019,814	\$ 2,179,641	\$ 2,633,795	\$ 3,163,800
Contributions - Member	414,543	500,206	566,234	653,414	697,444	805,452	902,078	1,025,074
Net Investment Income	66,635,286	12,932,861	13,035,992	28,280,145	32,258,137	18,425,274	5,840,415	37,165,561
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(04 000 000)	(04.050.500)	(04.444.044)	(00.050.000)	(00 704 000)	(00 004 004)	(00 044 404)	(00 500 070)
Administrative and Other Expenses	(24,280,660) (375,669)	(24,250,596) (386,323)	(24,111,344) (373,745)	(23,958,390) (412,645)	(23,724,056) (343,883)	(23,301,601) (320,152)	(23,241,431) (309,377)	(22,536,376) (288,390)
Net Change in Plan	(373,003)	(300,323)	(010,140)	(412,040)	(070,000)	(020,102)	(000,011)	(200,030)
Fiduciary Net Position	45,243,423	(8,363,733)	(8,055,202)	6,298,941	9,907,456	(2,211,386)	(14,174,520)	18,529,669
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	254,697,439	263,061,172	271,116,374	264,817,433	254,909,977	257,121,363	271,295,883	252,766,214
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	299,940,862	254,697,439	263,061,172	271,116,374	\$264,817,433	\$ 254,909,977	\$257,121,363	\$ 271,295,883
Net Pension Liability -	₾ (OE 0E0 000)	¢ 47.064.00E	£ 44,000,0EC	¢ 707.407	¢ (44.077.000)	Ф 0.400.0E0	¢ 204.440	® (40.700.040)
Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (35,852,293)	\$ 17,061,235	\$ 14,298,356	\$ 707,197	\$ (14,877,682)	\$ 2,126,259	\$ 304,140	\$ (13,762,040)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of the Total Pension Liability	113.58%	93.72%	94.84%	99.74%	105.95%	99.17%	99.88%	105.34%
O1 P 11	¢ 7,000,000	<b>6</b> 0.000.000	® 40.00F.004	<b>A</b> 40 040 554	£ 40.004.500	A 4 757 404	© 47.547.700	↑ 40 000 E40
Covered Payroll <sup>1</sup>	\$ 7,868,002	\$ 9,262,668	\$ 10,205,801	\$ 12,046,554	\$ 12,684,596	\$ 14,757,461	\$ 17,517,763	\$ 18,802,548
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage								
of Covered Payroll	(455.67) %	184.19 %	6 140.10 %	6 5.87 <b>%</b>	<b>6</b> (117.29) %	14.41 9	6 1.74 %	(73.19) %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For fiscal years prior to 2017, covered payroll is valuation payroll projected to the indicated fiscal year.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	Actual Employer Contribution	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2012	\$ 1,068,484	\$ 1,111,026	\$	(42,542)	\$ 22,922,327	4.8 %
2013	2,751,359	2,793,257		(41,898)	18,939,497	14.7
2014	3,122,545	3,163,800		(41,255)	18,802,548	16.8
2015	2,592,536	2,633,795		(41,259)	17,517,763	15.0
2016	2,138,379	2,179,641		(41,262)	14,757,461	14.8
2017	1,019,814	1,019,814		-	12,684,596	8.0
2018	1,736,417	1,736,417		-	12,046,554	14.4
2019	2,827,661	2,827,661		-	10,205,801	27.7
2020	2,840,119	2,840,119		-	9,262,668	30.7
2021	2,849,923	2,849,923		-	7,868,002	36.2

## **SCHEDULE OF PENSION INVESTMENT RETURNS**

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Annual <u>Return¹</u>
2014	9.14 %
2015	(1.85)
2016	3.48
2017	13.15
2018	11.11
2019	5.00
2020	5.72
2021	26.64

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

				F	iscal Year		
		2021	 2020		2019	 2018	 2017
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$	229,480	\$ 250,379	\$	218,177	\$ 171,383	\$ 176,818
Interest		726,435	621,740		584,168	541,940	527,213
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(1,293,612)	59,894		(163,614)	399,029	(31,515)
Changes of assumptions		(306,039)	632,165		256,971	1,079,614	-
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of member contributions		(17,060)	(99,101)		(651,023)	(637,677)	(333,748)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(660,796)	1,465,077		244,679	1,554,289	338,768
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		10,271,438	8,806,361		8,561,682	7,007,393	6,668,625
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	9,610,642	\$ 10,271,438	\$	8,806,361	\$ 8,561,682	\$ 7,007,393
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$	216,165	\$ 398,154	\$	7,557,353	\$ 539,300	\$ 188,819
Contributions - Member		108,016	133,374		101,821	112,892	116,511
Net Investment Income		2,325,426	467,738		404,497	103,961	119,138
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of member contributions		(17,060)	(99,101)		(651,023)	(637,677)	(333,748)
Administrative and Other Expenses		(101,903)	 (53,463)		(62,318)	(89,384)	 (94,852)
Net Change in Plan							
Fiduciary Net Position		2,530,644	846,702		7,350,330	29,092	(4,132)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		9,251,661	8,404,959		1,054,629	1,025,537	1,029,669
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	11,782,305	\$ 9,251,661	\$	8,404,959	\$ 1,054,629	\$ 1,025,537
Net OPEB Liability -							
Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(2,171,663)	\$ 1,019,777	\$	401,402	\$ 7,507,053	\$ 5,981,856
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percenta	ge						
of the Total OPEB Liability	-	122.60%	90.07%		95.44%	12.32%	14.64%

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## **SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS**

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)		Actual imployer ntributions	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)
2012	\$	596,965	\$ 100,000	\$	496,965
2013		699,075	54,834		644,241
2014		659,488	68,819		590,669
2015		663,321	274,986		388,335
2016		712,016	247,339		464,677
2017		486,906	188,819		298,087
2018		559,300	539,300		20,000
2019		818,102	7,557,353		(6,739,251)
2020		398,154	398,154		-
2021		207,328	216,165		(8,837)

Contributions for fiscal year 2017 and earlier show contributions equal to the benefits distributed or claimed in that year, referred to as pay-go funding. Beginning with fiscal year 2018, contributions include an additional amount to save for future retiree healthcare benefits, referred to as prefunding.

### **SCHEDULE OF OPEB INVESTMENT RETURNS**

Fiscal Year	Annual Return <sup>1</sup>
2014	9.14 %
2015	(1.85)
2016	3.48
2017	11.48
2018	9.26
2019	6.14
2020	4.91
2021	16.93

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses.

#### NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NOTE A - DESCRIPTION

Ten year historical trend information designed to provide information about the System's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the preceding schedules. Other ten year historical trend information related to the System is presented in the Statistical and Actuarial Sections of the report. This information is presented to enable the reader to assess the progress made by the System in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension and other postemployment benefits as they become due.

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the pension and other postemployment benefit obligations as a factor.

The Schedules of Contributions are reported as historical trend information and to show the responsibility of the Employer in meeting the actuarial requirements to maintain the System on a sound financial basis.

The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension and OPEB Liability, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedule of Investment Returns are schedules that are required in implementing GASB Statement No. 67 for pension and No. 74 for OPEB. These schedules are required to show information for ten years; additional years will be displayed as they become available. The schedule of Changes in the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities represent in actuarial terms, the accrued liability less the fair value of assets. The Schedule of Contributions is a comparison of the employer's contributions to the actuarially determined contributions. The Schedule of Investment Returns represents a money-weighted rate of return that expresses investment performance, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The actuarially determined contributions presented in the Schedule of contributions for pension and OPEB are calculated as of September 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the fiscal year 2021 contributions reported in that schedule.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions for Fiscal Year 2021:

Pension and OPEB

Valuation Date September 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age, Normal

Remaining Amortization

Asset Valuation Method

Period

16 years, as of October 1, 2020, closed ending September 30, 2036

Price Inflation Rate

2.25%

Projected Salary Increases

3.25%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Retirement Age

Experience-based table of rate that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition.

Mortality

Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table scaled by 100%

for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using

projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Mortality Table scaled by 100% for both

males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection

scale MP-2017 from 2006.

5 year smoothed fair value

Disabled Retirees RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table scaled by 100%

for both males and females and adjusted for mortality improvements using

projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Pension

Amortization Method Level dollar, closed period

Investment Rate of Return

**OPEB** 

6.25%, net of investment expenses

Amortization Method Level percent of payroll, closed period Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Pre-65: 7.50% trend, gradually decreasing to 3.50% in year 15; 3.00% year

120

Post-65: 6.25% trend, gradually decreasing to 3.50% in year 15; 3.00% year

120

Aging factors Based on 2013 SOA study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death"

Notes Some of the assumptions used to develop the 2021 Total Pension Liability (TPL)

and the 2021 Total OPEB Liability (TOL) are different than the assumptions shown above. The assumptions used to develop the TPL are described in Note 4 (page 29) of this report and the assumptions used to develop the TOL are

described in Note 5 (page 32) of this report.

# SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	\$ 93,398
Staff Retirement and Social Security	52,363
Staff Other Fringe Benefits	18,602
Total	164,363
Professional Services:	
Accounting	2,842
Actuarial	64,433
Attorney General	44,679
Audit	73,695
Total	185,649
Building and Equipment: Building Rentals Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals Total	 1,313 30 1,343
Miscellaneous:	
Office Supplies	21
Postage, Telephone, and Other	8,618
Printing	163
Technological Support	 15,630
Total	24,432
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 375,789

# SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	\$ 34,483
Staff Retirement and Social Security	19,333
Staff Other Fringe Benefits	 6,869
Total	60,685
Professional Services:	
Accounting	104
Actuarial	2,365
Attorney General Fees	1,640
Audit	2,705
Total	6,813
Building and Equipment:	
Building Rentals	48
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	1
Total	 49
Miscellaneous:	
Office Supplies	1
Postage, Telephone and Other	305
Printing	6
Health Fees	33,118
Dental Fees	3,102
Vision Fees	112
Technology Support	574
Total	37,217
	·
Total Administrative and Other Expenses	\$ 104,764

## **SUPPORTING SCHEDULES**

## **SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES**

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Securities Lending Expenses	\$ 12,689
Other Investment Expenses <sup>1</sup>	
ORS-Investment Expenses <sup>2</sup>	59,306
Custody Fees	5,837
Management Fees	1,184,436
Research Fees	34,397

**Total Investment Expenses** \$ 1,296,665

# SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Accounting	\$ 2,946
Actuary	66,798
Attorney General	46,319
Independent Auditors	 76,400
Total Payments	\$ 192,463

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to the Investment Section for fees paid to investment professionals.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Does not exclude Treasury Civil Service fees recorded as a pass through in the Schedule of Investment Fee - State Treasurer. As of September 30, 2021, fees totaled \$980.

## **SUPPORTING SCHEDULES**

## **DETAIL OF CHANGES IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

(Pension and other Postemployment Benefits)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

	Employee Contributions	Employer Contributions	Retired Benefit Payments	Undistributed Investment Income	OPEB	Total
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Member contributions	\$ 415	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108	\$ 523
Employer contributions	-	2,850	-	-	216	3,066
Other governmental						
contributions					103	103
Total contributions	415	2,850			428	3,692
Investment income (loss):						
Net increase (decrease) in fair						
value of investments	-	-	-	62,256	2,168	64,424
Interest, dividends, and other	-	-	-	5,583	202	5,785
Investment expenses:						
Real estate operating expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other investment expenses	-	-	-	(1,238)	(46)	(1,284)
Securities lending activities:						
Securities lending income	-	-	-	46	2	48
Securities lending expenses				(12)		(13)
Net investment income (loss)				66,635	2,325	68,961
Miscellaneous income	-	-	-	-	12	12
Total additions	415	2,850		66,635	2,765	72,664
Deductions: Benefits paid to plan members and beneficiaries:						
Retirement benefits	-	-	24,281	-	-	24,281
Health benefits	-	-	-	-	83	83
Refunds of contributions	-	-	-	-	1	1
Uncollectable receivable	-	-	-	-	45	45
Administrative and other expenses				376	105	481
Total deductions			24,281	376	234	24,890
Net Increase (Decrease)						
before other changes	415	2,850	(24,281)	66,259	2,531	47,774
Other Changes in Net Position:						
Interest allocation	2,810	-	12,238	(15,048)	-	-
Transfers upon retirement	(10,184)	-	10,184	-	-	-
Transfers of employer shares	-	(3,800)	3,800	-	-	-
Transfers of investment income	-	51,211	-	(51,211)	-	-
Total other changes in net	(7,374)	47,411	26,222	(66,259)		-
Net Increase (Decrease)				· · ·		
in Net Position	(6,959)	50,261	1,941	-	2,531	47,774
Net Position Restricted for						
Pension Benefits and OPEB:						
Beginning of Year	37,454	(2,076)	219,319	_	9,252	263,949
beginning or real	01,101	(2,010)	210,010		0,202	200,040

Prepared by Michigan Department of Treasury, Bureau of Investments

Jon M. Braeutigam, Chief Investment Officer

Report on Investment Activity
Asset Allocation
Investment Results
Largest Assets Held
Schedule of Investment Fees
Schedule of Investment Commissions
Investment Summary

### **REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY**

#### INTRODUCTION

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) was created by Executive Order 2018-10 (Order) and serves as the investment fiduciary over the assets of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems (Systems). The Board is responsible for investing the Systems' assets in accordance with the duties and powers enumerated in the Order and State law. Pursuant to powers provided in the Order, the Board duly authorized and delegated duties to the Department of Treasury's Bureau of Investments (BOI) to invest, prudently manage, and oversee the assets of the Systems and to take certain other actions that support the BOI's mandate in this regard. In furtherance of these duties, the BOI delivers quarterly investment activity reports to the Board that detail the investments, goals, and objectives of the Systems.

The Board is comprised of five members: three (3) public members appointed by the Governor and two (2) exofficio members. The public members serve four (4) year terms and are limited to two (2) such terms. The State Treasurer, as the chair of the Board, and the State Budget Director are the ex-officio members. As of September 30, 2021, members of the Board were as follows: Rachael Eubanks (chair, ex-officio member), Chris Harkins (exofficio member), James B. Nicholson (public member), Reginald G. Sanders, CFA, CAIA (public member), and Dina L. Richard, CPA (public member). The public members serve without pay but may receive reasonable reimbursement for actual and necessary travel and other expenses to attend official Board meetings.

#### **INVESTMENT POLICY & GOALS**

The Board's Investment Policy Statement states that it and the BOI will operate in accordance with Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act (Act No. 314 of 1965) and within standard investment practices of the prudent person. This includes being authorized to invest in government obligations, corporate obligations, various short-term obligations, corporate (domestic and international) stocks, private equity interests, mutual funds, real estate interests, and other investments subject to specific parameters. Above all, Systems' assets are to be invested in a fiduciary capacity for the sole and exclusive benefit of the members of the Systems.

The Systems' Proxy Voting Policy sets forth directives on various issues as holders of publicly traded securities, including but not limited to: Boards of Directors, corporate governance, social issues, and various corporate actions. All proxies are reviewed and voted in accordance with the Systems' policy.

The primary function of the Systems is to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits along with health and other postemployment benefits to its members. The Board is investment fiduciary and custodian of the Systems' investments pursuant to the Order and other State law. The goals of the Systems are:

- Maintain sufficient liquidity to pay benefits.
- Meet or exceed the actuarial assumption over the long term.
- Perform in the top half of the public plan universe over the long term.
- Diversify assets to preserve capital and avoid large losses.
- Exceed individual asset class benchmarks over the long term.

### REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

The strategy for achieving these goals is supported by investing the assets of the Systems according to a five year asset allocation model. The Systems currently invest in eight different asset classes, which provides for a well-diversified portfolio.

#### **ASSET ALLOCATION**

(Excludes Collateral on Loaned Securities)

Investment Category	As of 9/30/21 Actual %	Five-Year Target %
Domestic Equity Pools	22.9 %	25.0 %
International Equity Pools	16.2	15.0
Private Equity Pools	23.2	16.0
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	6.9	10.0
Fixed Income Pools	10.0	10.5
Absolute Return Pools	5.3	9.0
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	12.1	12.5
Short-Term Investment Pools	3.3	2.0
TOTAL	<u>100.0</u> %	<u>100.0</u> %

#### INVESTMENT AUTHORITY

Pursuant to State law (Executive Order 2018-10, which in part transferred to the Board the powers enumerated in (i) Section 91 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, and (ii) Section 12c of Act No. 314 of 1965), the Board is the investment fiduciary for the Systems, which is comprised of the State sponsored defined benefit retirement systems: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System, State Employees' Retirement System, Michigan State Police Retirement System, Michigan Judges' Retirement System, and the Michigan Military Retirement Provisions. The State Treasurer, State of Michigan, is custodian and ex officio treasurer of the retirement system for the Legislators, State of Michigan (Section 47 of Act no. 261 of the Public Acts of 1957, as amended).

Act No. 314 of the Public Acts of 1965, as amended, authorizes the investment of assets of public employee retirement systems or plans created and established by the State or any political subdivision.

#### **INVESTMENT RESULTS**

#### **TOTAL PORTFOLIO RESULTS**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the total Michigan Judges' Retirement System's (System) rate of return was 25.9% for the Pension Plan and 24.5% for the OPEB Plan as compiled by State Street Investment Analytics. Annualized rates of return for the Pension Plan for the three, five, and ten-year periods ending September 30, 2021 were: 11.6%, 11.8%, and 10.8% respectively.

Investment return calculations are prepared using a Time-Weighted rate of return.

#### **DOMESTIC EQUITY POOLS**

The objective for investments made in domestic equities is to meet or exceed the total return of the S&P Composite 1500 for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant S&P Index, adjusting for market capitalization and style, for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market cap and style characteristics.

### REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

The pools are invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the S&P 1500 while providing a prudent measure of tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in equities and equity related securities that are listed on U.S. national securities exchanges, including American Depository Receipts (ADRs). It may also invest in stocks that are traded over-the-counter. The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the capitalization weightings of the S&P Composite 1500 Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2021:

Active	52.7 %
Passive	47.3
Total	100.0 %
Large-Cap	63.9 %
Multi-Cap	30.9
Mid-Cap	2.9
Small-Cap	2.3
Total	<u>100.0</u> %

The System's Domestic Equity pools total rate of return was 33.1% for the Pension Plan and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2021. This compared with 31.4% for the S&P Composite 1500 Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Domestic Equity pools represented 22.9% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.3% ownership share of the Domestic Equity pools at September 30, 2021:

#### **Domestic Equity Pools**

(In thousands)

Total	\$ 71,497
Accrued Dividends	62
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	40
Settlement Principal Payable	(38)
Equities	68,881
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 2,552

#### INTERNATIONAL EQUITY POOLS

The objective for investments made in International Equity pools is to meet or exceed the total return of the MSCI ACWI ex-USA Net for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

For active management strategies, the objective is to earn returns that exceed the most relevant MSCI Index, adjusting for market capitalization, style and geography for one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to rank above median in a universe of managers possessing a similar market capitalization, style and geography characteristics.

#### REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Active exposure is invested primarily in equities or equity-related securities of non-U.S. companies through externally managed strategies.

The pools diversify their investments by allocating their equity strategies with consideration of the economic development status weightings of the MSCI ACWI ex-USA Index.

The following summarizes the weightings of the pool as of September 30, 2021:

Active	75.2 %
Passive	24.8
Total	100.0 %
Developed	95.8 %
Emerging	4.2
Total	100.0 %

The System's International Equity pools total rate of return was 25.7% for the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan for fiscal year 2021. This compared with 23.9% for the MSCI ACWI ex-USA Net.

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the International Equity pools represented 16.2% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.3% ownership share of the International Equity Pools at September 30, 2021:

### International Equity Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 3,240
Equities	42,716
Fixed Income Securities	4,073
Market Value of Equity Contracts	450
Accrued Dividends and Interest	14
Total	\$ 50,493

### **PRIVATE EQUITY POOLS**

The Private Equity pools objective is, to meet or exceed the benchmark for all private equity investments over long time periods. The benchmark is the S&P 500 Index plus 300 basis points, net of fees, lagged by three months over three, five, seven and ten-year periods and a market cycle.

Private Equity Investments are investments in the private equity market, primarily through limited partnerships. The following summarizes the weightings of the pools as of September 30, 2021:

Buyout Funds	47.6 %
Fund of Funds	25.2
Venture Capital Funds	13.1
Special Situation Funds	9.5
Liquidation Portfolio	3.1
Mezzanine Funds	1.5
Total	100.0 %

The Private Equity pools had a return of 53.0% for the Pension and 53.1% OPEB Plans for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, versus the benchmark of 44.9%.

#### REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Private Equity pools represented 23.2% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.6% ownership share of the Private Equity pools at September 30, 2021:

### **Private Equity Pools**

(in thousands)

Total	\$ 72,461
Settlement Proceeds Receivable	145
Equities	71,353
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 963

#### REAL ESTATE AND INFRASTRUCTURE POOLS

The objective of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools is to provide diversification and favorable risk adjusted returns primarily through income and appreciation of investments. Investments are typically held through investment entities, such as limited partnerships or limited liability companies, established for the specific purpose of owning, leasing, managing, financing, or developing real estate and infrastructure related investments.

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools diversify its holdings by:

- **Geography** The pools are invested globally and are diversified geographically so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of markets or geographic areas.
- Size and Value The pools diversify its holdings by size so that it is not concentrated in a limited number of large investments.
- Investment Type The pools are diversified by investment type as summarized below.

Multi-family apartments	42.6 %
Commercial office buildings	8.3
Hotel	8.2
Infrastructure	10.7
Industrial warehouse buildings	20.9
Single Family	2.5
Retail Shopping Centers	4.5
Land	1.2
Short Term Investments	1.1
Total	100.0 %

The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools generated a return of 12.7% for the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan for fiscal year 2021. The Real Estate and Infrastructure pools compare performance with two benchmark returns from the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries (NCREIF): the NCREIF Property Index (less 130 basis points) was 10.7% and the NCREIF Fund Index - Open-End Diversified Core Equity Index was 13.6%.

#### REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools represented 6.9% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.3% ownership share of the Real Estate and Infrastructure pools at September 30, 2021:

#### Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 232
Real Estate Equities	19,091
Infrastructure Equities	2,325
Dividend Receivable	 4
Total	\$ 21,652

#### **FIXED INCOME POOLS**

The objective for investments made in the Fixed Income pools is to meet or exceed the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index over one, three, and five-year periods and market cycles. Another objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

For fixed income sub-strategies, the objective return is to meet or exceed the most relevant Bloomberg benchmark index.

The pools are invested primarily in fixed income securities of U.S. companies through internal and externally managed strategies. The goal is to build a portfolio of strategies that will provide excess returns relative to the blended benchmark while providing minimal tracking error to the index. At times a portion of the pools may be invested in exchange traded funds (ETFs) and fixed-income short-term securities with maturities of less than one year.

The pools invest in fixed income and related securities in a diversified portfolio of investment grade corporate issues, treasuries, agencies, government sponsored enterprises and government guaranteed mortgages. The pools diversify its investments by allocating its strategies with consideration of credit risk.

The System's Fixed Income pools total rate of return was 3.5% for the Pension and OPEB Plans for fiscal year 2021. This compares to (0.9)% for the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index.

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Fixed Income pools represented 10.0% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.3% ownership share of the Fixed Income pools at September 30, 2021:

#### Fixed Income Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 389
Fixed Income Securities	30,847
Accrued interest	 67
Total	\$ 31,303

#### **ABSOLUTE RETURN POOLS**

The primary investment objective of the Absolute Return Strategies Pool is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds T-bills by 400 basis points net of fees over the one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Another objective is to exceed the appropriate HFN Fund of Funds Conservative Index median net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle.

The Absolute Return Strategies pool rate of return for the fiscal year was 15.3% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 12.4%.

#### REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Absolute Return pools represented 5.3% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.3% ownership share of the Absolute Return pools at September 30, 2021:

#### Absolute Return Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 241
Equities	16,206
Total	\$ 16,447

#### **REAL RETURN AND OPPORTUNISTIC POOLS**

The primary investment objective of the Real Return and Opportunistic Pools is to generate a rate of return that meets or exceeds the increase in the CPI by at least four percent (4.0%) annually net of fees over one, three, and five-year periods and a market cycle. Opportunistic investments are targeted to earn a return that exceeds the current actuarial assumed rate of return, with the overall Real Return and Opportunistic Pool's benchmark an equal blend between the two benchmarks. If a peer universe is available, the objective is to rank above median in a nationally recognized universe of managers possessing a similar style.

The Real Return and Opportunistic Investments pools rate of return for the fiscal year was 23.5% for the Pension and OPEB Plans versus the benchmark's 8.3%.

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Real Return and Opportunistic pools represented 12.1% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 0.3% ownership share of the Real Return and Opportunistic pools at September 30, 2021:

### Real Return and Opportunistic Pools

(in thousands)

Total	\$ 37,642
Fixed Income Securities	37,222
Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 420

#### **SHORT-TERM INVESTMENT POOLS**

The objective of the Short-Term Investment pools is to closely match the return performance of its benchmark, the 30 day Treasury bill. The Short-Term Investment pools return for the fiscal year was 0.1% for the Pension Plan and 0.2% OPEB plan versus the benchmark's 0.1%.

Potential areas of investment are:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies.
- Banker's acceptances, commercial accounts, certificates of deposit or depository receipts.
- Repurchase agreements for the purchase of securities issued by the US government or its agencies.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two national rating services as determined by the State Treasurer.
- Short duration investment grade corporate issues.

## **REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY**

At the close of fiscal year 2021, the Short-Term Investment pools represented 3.3% of total investments. The following summarizes the System's 1.7% ownership share of the Short-Term Investment pools at September 30, 2021:

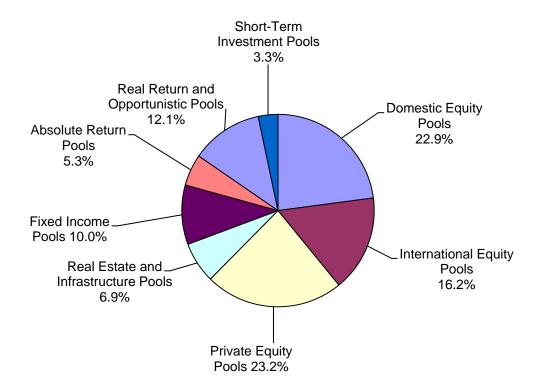
#### Short-Term Investment Pools

(in thousands)

Short-Term Pooled Investments	\$ 3,281
Fixed Income Securities	7,003
Total	\$ 10,284

## **REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITY**

## **Asset Allocation – Security Type Only**



### **INVESTMENT RESULTS**

#### PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT RESULTS

For the Period Ending September 30, 2021

	Annualized Rate of Return <sup>1</sup>				
Investment Category	Current Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
Total Portfolio	25.9 %	6 11.6 %	% 11.8 °	% 10.8 %	
Domestic Equity Pools S&P Composite 1500 Index	33.1 31.4	14.7 15.5	16.9 16.6	16.4 16.5	
Sar Composite 1300 index	31.4	15.5	10.0	10.5	
International Equity Pools	25.7	9.5	10.1	8.8	
International Blended Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	23.9	8.0	8.9	7.6	
Private Equity Pools	53.0	21.1	19.3	14.9	
Private Equity Benchmark <sup>3</sup>	44.9	22.2	21.1	18.3	
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	12.7	3.9	5.9	8.5	
NCREIF Property Blended Index <sup>4</sup>	10.7	5.4	5.5	7.6	
Fixed Income Pools	3.5	5.4	3.9	4.0	
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index	(0.9)	5.4	2.9	3.0	
Absolute Return Pools	15.3	7.2	7.1	6.0	
HFRI Fund of Funds Conservative Aggregate Index	12.4	5.3	4.8	3.7	
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	23.5	13.1	12.9	11.0	
Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark <sup>5</sup>	8.3	7.0	7.3	7.2	
Short-Term Investment Pools	0.1	1.4	1.4	0.8	
30-Day Treasury Bill	0.1	1.1	1.1	0.6	

<sup>1</sup> Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI+4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%). History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI+5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

### **INVESTMENT RESULTS**

### **OPEB INVESTMENT RESULTS**

For the Period Ending September 30, 2021

		Annualized Rate of Return <sup>1</sup>			
Investment Category	<b>Current Year</b>	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	
Total Portfolio	24.5	% 0.5 %	5 11.4	% 10.4 %	
Domestic Equity Pools	33.1	14.7	16.9	16.3	
S&P 1500 Index	31.4	15.5	16.6	16.5	
International Equity Pools International Blended Benchmark <sup>2</sup>	25.7	9.5	10.1	8.8	
	23.9	8.0	8.9	7.6	
Private Equity Pools  Private Equity Benchmark <sup>3</sup>	53.1	21.2	19.3	14.9	
	44.9	22.2	21.1	18.3	
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools  NCREIF Property Blended Index <sup>4</sup>	12.7	3.9	5.9	8.5	
	10.7	5.4	5.5	7.6	
Fixed Income Pools Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index	3.5	5.4	3.9	4.0	
	(0.9)	5.4	2.9	3.0	
Absolute Return Pools HFRI Fund of Funds Conservative Aggregate Index	15.3	7.2	7.1	6.0	
	12.4	5.3	4.8	3.7	
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools  Real Return and Opportunistic Benchmark <sup>5</sup>	23.5	13.1	12.9	11.0	
	8.3	7.0	7.3	7.2	
Short-Term Investment Pools	0.2	1.3	1.4	0.8	
30-Day Treasury Bill	0.1	1.1	1.1	0.6	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Calculations used a time-weighted rate of return based on the market rate of return in accordance with industry standards. Excludes income and investment gains and losses from securities lending.

As of 7/1/14, index is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Net. History 10/1/10 to 6/30/14 is MSCI ACWI Ex-US Gross. History 1/1/10 to 9/30/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 75/25. History prior to 1/1/10 is S&P Developed BMI-EPAC Net 50/50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Index is blend of S&P 500 plus 300 bps with a 3 month lag.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> As of 10/1/05, index is NCREIF less 130 bp. History prior to 10/1/05 reflects NCREIF less 75 bp.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> As of 12/1/18 Benchmark is 50% (CPI + 4%) and 50% (actuarial rate 7.05%). History prior to 12/1/18 reflects 50% (CPI+5%) and 50% (actuarial rate 8%).

#### **LARGEST ASSETS HELD**

#### **LARGEST STOCK HOLDINGS**

(By Fair Value) September 30, 2021

Rank	Shares	Stocks	Fair Value
1	9,680	Microsoft Corp.	\$ 2,729,121
2	18,379	Apple Inc.	2,600,656
3	536	Amazon.com Inc.	1,762,074
4	426	Alphabet Inc. CL A	1,137,768
5	17,175	Brístol Myers Squibb	1,016,232
6	34,907	AT&T Inc.	942,851
7	2,770	Facebook Inc. CL A	940,217
8	12,116	Athene Holding LTD CL A	834,458
9	3,704	Nvidia Corp.	767,298
10	284	Alphabet Inc. CL C	758,014

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

#### **LARGEST BOND HOLDINGS**

(By Fair Value) September 30, 2021

Rank	Par Amount	Bonds & Notes	F	Fair Value	
1	941,646	US Treasury N/B .25% Due 05/31/2025	\$	925,462	
2	540,302	FNMA TBA 30 YR 3.5 Single Family Mortgage		571,623	
3	521,755	US Treasury N/B 2.375% Due 05/15/2029		559,603	
4	495,914	US Treasury N/B 1.125% Due 02/15/2031		479,874	
5	351,712	US Treasury N/B 3.375% Due 11/15/2048		446,935	
6	439,640	US Treasury N/B 2.000% Due 02/15/2050		430,693	
7	392,353	US Treasury N/B 2.500% Due 05/15/2024		413,442	
8	351,712	US Treasury N/B 2.875% Due 05/15/2049		410,363	
9	408,047	US Treasury N/B .125% Due 09/15/2023		406,787	
10	392,353	US Treasury N/B .125% Due 07/15/2023		391,525	

A complete list of holdings is available from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

Largest Bond Holdings are exclusive of securities lending collateral.

The System's investments are commingled in various pooled accounts. Amounts, par value and number of shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on its ownership of the investment pools.

#### SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES

The State of Michigan Investment Board (Board) is the investment fiduciary and custodian of the System's funds pursuant to State law. Outside advisors are utilized to augment the State of Michigan's internal staff. 70.5% of the total investment portfolio is managed by fully discretionary outside advisors. The Michigan Department of Treasury's cost of operations applicable to the System for the fiscal year amounted to \$59 thousand or six and four tenths basis points (.06%) of the fair value of the Assets under Management of the Board.

#### **SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT FEES**

#### **Investment Managers' Fees:**

ŭ	Mar	ets under nagement nousands)	ees ousands)	Basis Points*		
State Treasurer	\$	91,828	\$ 59	6.4		
Outside Advisors for						
State Treasurer						
Short Term		2,163	-	-		
Fixed Income		15,147	63	41.6		
Absolute Return		16,447	30	18.2		
Real Return and Opportunistic		37,362	207	55.4		
International Equity		40,338	99	24.5		
Domestic Equity		14,589	37	25.4		
Private Equity		72,461	562	77.6		
Real Estate and Infrastructure		21,442	 186	86.7		
Total	\$	311,778	\$ 1,243			
Other Investment Services Fees:						
Assets in Custody	\$	307,660	\$ 40			
Securities Lending Collateral		10,366	6			

<sup>\*</sup> Private Equity partnership agreements that define the management fees, the asset management fees range from 0 to 250 basis points of the committed capital. For Real Estate/Infrastructure, the asset management fees range from 12 to 150 basis points. For Absolute Return, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. For Real Return and Opportunistic, the asset management fees range from 0 to 200 basis points. These fees, in most cases, are netted against income.

### SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT COMMISSIONS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Actual				Est	imated	imated					
		Actual	Number of			rage		rade	Research				Estimated	
	Co	mmissions	Shares	Commission		Costs		Costs		Trade			search	
		Paid <sup>1</sup>	Traded <sup>1</sup>		Per :	Share	Per Share		Per Share		Costs		Costs	
Investment Brokerage Firms:	_				_		_		_		_		_	
BTIG LLC	\$	2,212	186,034	,	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$	-	\$	930	\$	-
Capital Institutional Services Inc.		293	58,495			0.01		0.01		-		585		-
Cowen & Company LLC		780	39,199			0.02		0.01		0.01		392		392
Drexel Hamilton LLC		43	8,602			0.01		0.01		-		86		-
J. P. Morgan Securities Inc.		793	42,263			0.02		0.01		0.01		423		423
Jefferies & Company		2	309			0.01		0.01		-		3		-
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith		1,846	73,838			0.03		0.01		0.02		738		1,477
MKM Partners LLC		1,309	81,359			0.02		0.01		0.01		814		814
Morgan Stanley & Co. Inc.		227	12,527			0.02		0.01		0.01		125		125
National Financial		1	67			0.01		0.01		-		1		-
OTA LLC		-	12			-		0.01		0.01		-		-
Raymond James and Associates Inc	;	594	23,765			0.02		0.01		0.01		238		238
Roberts & Ryan Inv.		375	18,740			0.02		0.01		0.01		187		187
Stifel, Nicolaus & Co. Inc.		11	461			0.02		0.01		0.01		5		5
Wayne & Company		939	256,047			-		0.01		-		1,280		-
Glen Eagle Wealth		78	7,786			0.01		0.01		-		78		-
Total	\$	9,503	809,504		\$	0.01	<sup>2</sup> \$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$ :	5,885	\$	3,661

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Commissions are included in purchase and sale prices of investments. The commissions and shares represent the System's pro-rata share based on ownership of commission and share transactions in the investment pools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The average commission per share for all brokerage firms.

### **INVESTMENT SUMMARY**

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Fair Value <sup>1</sup>	Percent of Value	In	Interest Income <sup>2</sup>	Percent of Total Investment & Interest Income	
Fixed Income Pools	\$ 31,302,688	10.0 %	\$	1,053,938	1.5	%
Domestic Equity Pools	71,497,287	22.9		18,563,228	26.5	
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	21,651,652	6.9		2,769,864	3.9	
Private Equity Pools	72,460,555	23.2		27,327,950	38.9	
International Equity Pools	50,492,844	16.2		10,838,855	15.4	
Absolute Return Pools	16,447,358	5.3		1,934,102	2.8	
Real Return and Opportunistic Pools	37,641,721	12.1		7,690,386	11.0	
Short Term Investment Pools <sup>3</sup>	 10,284,304	3.3		30,809		
Total	\$ 311,778,409	100.0 %	\$	70,209,131	100.0	%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Market value excludes \$10,366,224 in securities lending collateral for fiscal year 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total Investment & Interest Income excludes net security lending income of \$35,480 for securities lending collateral.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Short term investment pools fair value includes \$4,118,596 of equity in common cash.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Actuarial Valuation Data
Prioritized Solvency Test
Analysis of System Experience
Summary of Plan Provisions
Schedules of Funding Progress

#### **ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION**



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January 5, 2022

Ms. Michelle Lange, Acting Director
Department of Technology, Management and Budget
and
The Retirement Board
Michigan Judges' Retirement System
P.O. Box 30171
Lansing, Michigan 48909

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

The basic financial objective of the Michigan Judges' Retirement System (JRS) is to establish and receive contributions which when combined with present assets and future investment returns will be sufficient to meet the financial obligations of the System to present and future benefit recipients. The progress towards meeting those financial objectives is illustrated in the Schedules of Funding Progress and the Schedules of Employer Contributions.

We performed actuarial funding valuations and issued actuarial funding reports for the JRS pension and retiree health (i.e., OPEB) plans as of September 30, 2020. The purpose of the September 30, 2020 annual actuarial valuations was to determine the contribution requirements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, to measure the System's funding progress and to provide information in connection with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements. The valuations should not be relied upon for any other purpose. The valuation process develops employer contributions that are sufficient to fund the System's normal cost (i.e., the costs assigned by the valuation method to the year of service about to be rendered), as well as to fund any unfunded accrued liabilities over a reasonable period. The valuation was completed based upon population data, asset data and plan provisions in effect on September 30, 2020.

In addition to the funding valuation reports, separate reports are issued to provide financial reporting information for JRS in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 67 and 68 (pension benefits) and Nos. 74 and 75 (retiree health benefits, or OPEB). Reports containing the actuarial results of the financial reporting valuations are produced annually after the publication of this letter. The GASB Statement Nos. 67, 68, 74 and 75 financial reporting valuations are based upon a measurement date of September 30, 2021.

The valuations were based upon information provided by the System's administrative staff concerning System benefit provisions, financial transactions, and individual members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked the data for internal and year to year consistency, but did not audit the data. As a result, we do not assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided by the System's administrative staff. The actuary summarizes and tabulates population data in order to analyze long term trends. The System's auditor audits the actuarial data annually.

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#### **ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION**

Ms. Michelle Lange January 5, 2022 Page 2

Annual actuarial valuations are based upon assumptions regarding future activity in specific risk areas including the rate of investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the various classes of benefits and longevity among retired lives. These assumptions are adopted by the Board and the Department after considering the advice of the actuary and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation takes into account all prior differences between actual and assumed experience in each risk area and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed.

The following schedules in the Financial Section, the Actuarial Section, and the Statistical Section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) were prepared by the Department of Financial Services based upon certain information presented in the previously mentioned funding and financial reporting valuation reports:

#### Financial Section

- Note 1 Table of System's Membership
- Note 4 Net Pension Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note 5 Net OPEB Liability; Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- Note A Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contributions FY 2021
- Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedules of Contributions Multiyear
- Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
- Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

#### **Actuarial Section**

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods used in September 30, 2020 Pension Funding Valuation
- Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
- Separation from Active Employment Before Age and Service Retirement and Individual Pay Increase Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Member Pension Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the Retirement Rolls
- Prioritized Solvency Tests
- Analyses of System Experience
- Schedule of Active Member OPEB Valuation Data
- Schedule of Changes in the OPEB Rolls
- Schedules of Funding Progress

#### Statistical Section

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefit
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Health Benefit
- Schedules of Average Benefit Payments Pension, Medical/Rx, Dental, and Vision



#### **ACTUARY'S CERTIFICATION**

Ms. Michelle Lange January 5, 2022 Page 3

The September 30, 2020 funding valuations and the September 30, 2021 financial reporting valuations were based upon assumptions that were recommended in connection with a study of System experience covering the period from October 1, 2012 through September 30, 2017. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from those presented in the annual valuations due to such factors as experience differing from that anticipated by actuarial assumptions, or changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumption/methods or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

The actuarial valuations of JRS were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with applicable State statutes. The assumptions and methods used for funding and financial reporting purposes are in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. Mita D. Drazilov and Louise M. Gates are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the calculated employer contribution meets the financial objective of the Retirement System.

Respectfully submitted,

Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, FCA, MAAA

Mita Drazilor

Louise M. Gates, ASA, FCA, MAAA

#### **SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS**

- 1. The investment return rate used in the valuations was 6.25% per year net of investment expenses, compounded annually. This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. The real rate of return is the rate of investment return in excess of either price or wage inflation. Considering a wage inflation of 2.75%, this investment return rate translates to an assumed long-term real rate of return 3.50%. Adopted 2018.
- 2. The healthy life mortality table used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 100% of the RP-2014 Male Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, and 100% RP-2014 Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table. Both tables were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. Adopted 2018.
- 3. Sample probabilities of retirement with an age and service allowance are shown in Schedule 1 on the next page. Adopted 2014.
- 4. Sample probabilities of withdrawal from service and disability, together with individual pay increase assumptions, are shown in Schedule 2 on the next page. Adopted 2010.
- 5. The active member population is closed to new hires. This will result in a gradual reduction in the total active member payroll over time.
- 6. An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation was used in determining age and service and deferred retirement actuarial liabilities and normal cost. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, including actuarial gains and losses, are financed over a declining 40-year period beginning October 1, 1996. Adopted 1996.
- 7. The Department of Technology, Management & Budget approved the use of market value of assets as of September 30, 1997, for actuarial valuation purposes. For investment gains or losses that occur after that date, a 5-year smoothing technique will be used. Specifically, the excess (shortfall) of actual investment income (including interest, dividends, realized and unrealized gains or losses) over the imputed income at the valuation interest rate is considered the gain (loss), which is spread over five years. Adopted 1997.
- 8. The data about persons now covered and about present assets was furnished by the System's administrative staff. Although examined for general reasonableness, the data was not audited by the actuary.
- 9. The actuarial valuation computations were made by or under the supervision of a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA). The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations were adopted by the System's Board and the Department of Technology, Management & Budget after consulting with the actuary.
- 10. A 5-year experience investigation, covering the period from October 1, 2012, through September 30, 2017, was completed in 2018. The purpose of the study was to analyze the actual experience of the System versus that anticipated by actuarial assumptions then in use.
- 11. Gabriel Roeder Smith and Co. was awarded the actuarial and consulting services contract beginning October 4, 2006.

#### **SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS**

SCHEDULE 1

### PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE ACTIVE MEMBERS RETIRING WITHIN NEXT YEAR

Retirement Ages	Percent of Eligible Active Members Retiring Within Next Year
55-59	10%
60	10
61	8
62	8
63	8
64	8
65	15
66-68	15
69	15
70	20
71	25
72	30
73	30
74	30
75	100

SCHEDULE 2

# SEPARATION FROM ACTIVE EMPLOYMENT BEFORE AGE & SERVICE RETIREMENT & INDIVIDUAL PAY INCREASE ASSUMPTIONS

Sample Ages	Percent of Active Members Withdrawing Within Next Year	Percent of Active Members Becoming Disabled Within Next Year	Percent Increase in Pay During Next Year
20	- %	- %	3.25 %
25	- /0 -	- 70	3.25
30	-	_	3.25
35	2.25	0.02	3.25
40	2.25	0.06	3.25
45	2.25	0.12	3.25
50	2.25	0.18	3.25
55	2.25	0.24	3.25
60	2.25	0.36	3.25

## **ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATA**

### SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER PENSION VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number Inactive	Number Active	Reported Annual Payroll		Average Annual Pay		Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2011	11	205	\$	23,565,252	\$	114,952	(0.4) %	61.5	20.1
2012	6	199		22,922,327		115,188	0.2	62.5	21.1
2013	9	164		18,939,467		115,485	0.3	62.9	22.0
2014	7	154		17,813,758		115,674	0.2	63.8	23.0
2015	6	128		14,948,393		116,784	1.0	63.9	23.9
2016	4	119		13,903,660		116,837	-	64.8	25.1
2017	1	100		11,955,042		119,550	2.3	65.4	25.7
2018	0	95		11,732,875		123,504	3.3	66.3	26.7
2019	0	75		9,474,528		126,327	2.3	66.7	27.3
2020	0	71		9,148,954		128,859	2.0	67.6	28.4

### SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER OPEB VALUATION DATA

Valuation Date Sept. 30	Number Active	Reported Annual Payroll		Average Inual Pay	Increase (Decrease)	Average Age	Average Service
2012	41	\$ 6,189,628	\$	150,967	- %	59.0	16.2
2013	41	6,202,758		151,287	0.2	59.7	16.7
2014	40	6,079,984		152,000	0.5	60.3	17.3
2015	39	5,926,177		151,953	-	59.8	16.8
2016	39	5,888,807		150,995	(0.6)	60.3	17.6
2017	39	5,918,042		151,745	0.5	60.1	17.7
2018	38	5,837,438		153,617	1.2	60.0	17.0
2019	37	5,792,420		156,552	1.9	58.3	15.0
2020	37	5,827,608		157,503	0.6	59.0	15.6

This schedule is required to show information for ten years; additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### **ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATA**

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN RETIREMENT ROLLS

•	Add	ed to Rolls	Remov	ed from Rolls	Rolls	– Eı	nd of Year			
Year Ended Annual Sept. 30 No. Allowance		Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	No.		Annual Allowances	A	verage Annual owances	Increase in Annual Allowances
2011	24	\$ 1,305,312	26	\$ 815,215	539	\$	20,586,201	\$	38,173	2.4 %
2012	27	1,043,822	25	970,308	541		20,659,715		38,188	0.4
2013	45	2,594,201	32	949,775	554		22,304,141		40,260	8.0
2014	29	1,236,656	29	1,113,996	554		22,426,801		40,482	0.5
2015	40	1,996,792	34	1,075,366	560		23,348,227		41,693	4.1
2016	22	951,076	35	1,263,957	547		23,035,359		42,112	(1.3)
2017	34	1,595,337	30	996,300	551		23,634,396		42,894	2.6
2018	17	610,404	24	714,245	544		23,530,555		43,255	(0.4)
2019	27	1,598,176	25	863,088	546		24,265,643		44,443	3.1
2020	11	516,322	29	905,646	528		23,876,319		45,220	(1.6)

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE OPEB ROLLS

_	Add	ed to Rolls	Remove	d from Rolls	Rolls -	End of Year		
Year Ended Sept. 30	Annual No. Allowances		No.	Annual No. Allowances		Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances	Increase in Annual Allowances
2011		\$ -		\$ -	31	\$ 218,743	\$ -	- %
2012		-		2,429	31	216,314	6,978	(1.1)
2013	2	18,054	3	22,675	30	211,693	7,056	(2.1)
2014	3	25,453	2	18,483	31	218,663	7,054	3.3
2015¹	5	50,874	1	9,241	35	260,296	7,437	19.0
2016¹	2	48,243	2	17,130	35	291,409	8,326	-
2017¹	1	26,382	4	20,331	32	297,460	9,296	2.1
2018¹	1	15,959	2	16,468	31	296,951	9,579	(0.2)
2019	3	24,597	3	47,366	31	274,182	8,845	(7.7)
2020	1	17,880	1	15,248	31	276,814	8,929	1.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> excludes individuals reported without premium information.

#### Notes:

No. refers to number of retiree health contracts

Annual allowances added to rolls includes increases due to medical inflation and contract changes.

Annual allowances removed from rolls includes decreases due to contract changes

#### PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

The System's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to the System are level in concept and soundly executed, the System will pay all promised benefits when due, the ultimate test of financial soundness. Testing for level contribution rates is the long-term solvency test.

A prioritized solvency test is another means of checking a system's progress under its funding program. In a short condition test, the plan's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with: (1) active member contributions on deposit; (2) the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives; and (3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) are normally partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if the System has been using level-cost financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time. Liability 3 being fully funded is not necessarily a by-product of level percent of payroll funding methods.

The schedules that follow illustrate the history of the liabilities of the System and are indicative of the System's policy of following the discipline of level percent of payroll financing.

#### **PENSION BENEFITS**

(\$ in thousands)

		ACIU	ıaııa	I ACCIUEU L	Iabii	ity (AAL)							
		(1)		(2)		(3)							
Valuation		Active	F	Retirants		tive and Inactive							
Date	N	lember		and	Me	mbers (Employer	Valuation		Portion of AAL Covered			ed by Assets	
Sept. 30	Con	tributions	Be	neficiaries	_Fi	nanced Portion)		Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) <sup>1</sup>	
2011 <sup>2</sup>	\$	50,099	\$	163,522	\$	38,071	\$	266,804	100.0%	100.0%	139.7	106.0	
2012 <sup>2</sup>		53,660	·	162,840	•	33,056	·	245,787	100.0	100.0	88.6	98.5	
2013		47,579		177,873		26,950		240,146	100.0	100.0	54.5	95.1	
2014		49,317		186,279		21,709		246,421	100.0	100.0	49.9	95.8	
2015		44,691		196,275		16,281		249,333	100.0	100.0	51.4	96.9	
2016		45,617		193,368		12,364		254,067	100.0	100.0	122.0	101.1	
2017		40,701		197,767		9,117		267,850	100.0	100.0	322.3	108.2	
2017 <sup>2</sup>		40,701		215,771		13,271		267,850	100.0	100.0	85.7	99.3	
2018		41,809		211,958		11,968		266,347	100.0	100.0	105.1	100.2	
2018 <sup>2</sup>		41,809		222,484		16,630		274,801	100.0	100.0	63.2	97.8	
2019		34,987		229,371		12,209		266,449	100.0	100.0	17.1	96.3	
2020		36,121		223,119		10,274		259,433	100.0	100.0	1.9	96.3	

Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions

### PRIORITIZED SOLVENCY TEST

### **OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

(\$ in thousands)

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AL Covered by Assets
Sept. 30 Contributions <sup>3</sup> Beneficiaries Financed Portion Assets (1) (2)	$(3)$ $(4)^{1}$
2011 \$ 2,799 \$ 5,068 \$ %	- % - % - %
2012 2,945 5,565	
2013 2,801 4,855	
2014 3,053 5,612	
2015 4,384 4,742	
2016 4,836 5,093 1,030 - 21	.1 - 10.4
2017 3,465 3,432 1,026 - 29	).6 - 14.9
2017 <sup>2</sup> 3,721 3,772 1,026 - 27	'.6 - 13.7
2018 3,714 3,883 1,105 - 29	).8 - 14.5
2018 <sup>2</sup> 3,976 4,450 1,105 - 27	'.8 - 13.1
2019 4,147 5,729 8,375 - 100	0.0 73.8 84.8
2020 3,866 5,364 9,332 - 100	0.0 101.9 101.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Information not available.

### ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE - PENSION

## GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2020 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

	Type of Activity	_(	Gain/(Loss)
1.	<b>Retirements (including Disability Retirement).</b> If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pay than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average pays, a loss.	\$	1,817,648
2.	<b>Withdrawal from Employment</b> (including death-in-service). If more liabilities are released by withdrawals and deaths than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	Ψ	1,017,040
			(1,125)
3.	<b>Pay Increases.</b> If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.		000 445
4			236,145
4.	<b>Investment Income.</b> If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.		(1,706,828)
5.	Death After Retirement. If retirants and inactive vested members live longer than		(:,: 00,0=0)
	assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain.		(724,155)
6.	Rehires. Rehires into the System will generally result in an actuarial loss.		(121,100)
7.	Other. Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of		
	financial transactions, etc.		42,508
8.	Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.	\$	(335,807)

### ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM EXPERIENCE - OPEB

## GAINS/(LOSSES) IN ACCRUED LIABILITIES

During Year Ended September 30, 2020 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience & Actual Experience

	Type of Activity	<u>G</u>	Gain/(Loss)
1.	<b>Premiums.</b> Gains and losses resulting from actual premiums in valuation year versus that assumed from prior valuation.	\$	1,298,993
2.	<b>Investment Income</b> . If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.		(22,140)
3.	<b>Demographic and Other.</b> Gains and losses resulting from demographic experience, data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.		7,247
4.	Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.	\$	1,284,100

#### **SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

Our actuarial valuation of the System as of September 30, 2020, is based on the present provisions of the Judges' Retirement Act (Public Act No. 234 of 1992, as amended).

#### REGULAR RETIREMENT

- Eligibility Age 60 with 8 years credited service; or age 55 with 18 years credited service, or 25 years with no age requirement.
- Annual Amount If less than 12 years of credited service, 3% of final annual compensation times years of credited service; for 12 or more years of credited service, 50% of final annual compensation plus 2.5% of such compensation for each year of credited service in excess of 12 years to a maximum of 60%. Former System members receive 3% of final annual compensation times years of credited service to a maximum of the greater of 40% of final annual compensation or \$15,000, but not to exceed 66.67% of final annual compensation when added to a local retirement system benefit; or 3.5% of final annual compensation times years of credited service to a maximum of 66.67% of final annual compensation if elected.
- Final Annual Compensation Annual state salary at time of retirement plus state salary standardization, if any. For former Probate System members, final annual compensation is member's certified salary at time of retirement. For 36<sup>th</sup> District Court judges, final annual compensation is total state and district control unit salary at time of retirement. For Probate Court judges serving in a single county of less than 15,000 population, final annual compensation is total judicial salary at the time of retirement.

#### EARLY RETIREMENT (AGE REDUCTION FACTOR USED)

- Eligibility Age 55 with 12 but less than 18 years credited service
- **Annual Amount** Regular retirement benefit, reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the commencement age is less than 60.

#### **DEFERRED RETIREMENT (VESTED BENEFIT)**

- Eligibility 8 years of credited service
- Annual Amount Regular retirement benefit. If less than 12 years of credited service, payable at age 60, if 18 or more years of credited service payable at age 55; if more than 12 but less than 18 years of credited service reduced amount payable at age 55.

#### **DISABILITY RETIREMENT**

- Eligibility 8 years of credited service
- **Annual Amount** Regular retirement benefit, based upon member's credited service and final salary at time of disability.

### DEATH BEFORE OR AFTER RETIREMENT (SPOUSE OR DEPENDENT CHILDREN)

- Eligibility 8 years of credited service
- Annual Amount 50% of member's accrued pension

#### POST RETIREMENT COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENTS

None, except that judges who were active judges prior to September 8, 1961, (and their survivors) have their benefits adjusted as active judges' salaries change.

#### **MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS**

- **Non-Trial Judges** 5% of salary (2% for health benefits)
- Trial Judges with Full Standardization 7% of salary
- Trial Judges without Full Standardization 3.5% of salary
- Probate Judges under 3% Formula 7% of salary to maximum of \$980
- **Probate Judges under 3.5% Formula** 7% of salary (no maximum)
- District Court Judges of the Thirty-sixth District 3.5% of salary

#### **SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

#### DEFINED CONTRIBUTION LEGISLATION - (PUBLIC ACT 523 OF 1996)

New employees hired on or after March 31, 1997, become participants in Tier 2 (i.e. a defined contribution plan) rather than Tier 1 (i.e., the above described defined benefit plan).

Active members on March 30, 1997, had an opportunity to irrevocably elect to terminate membership in Tier 1 and become participants in Tier 2. Elections were in writing and submitted between January 2, 1998, and April 30, 1998. Such members became Tier 2 participants on June 1, 1998, and had the actuarial present value of their Tier 1 accrued benefit transferred into Tier 2 by September 30, 1998.

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SUMMARY	()FPI		COVINIONS

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#### **S**CHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

## PENSION BENEFITS (\$ IN MILLIONS)

Last Ten Years

Valuation Date Sept 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2011	\$ 266.8	\$ 251.7	\$ (15.1)	106.0 %	\$ 23.6	(64.1) %
2012 '	245.8	249.6	3.8	98.5	22.9	16.4
2013	240.1	252.4	12.3	95.1	18.9	64.7
2014	246.4	257.3	10.9	95.8	17.8	61.1
2015	249.3	257.2	7.9	96.9	14.9	52.9
2016	254.1	251.3	(2.7)	101.1	13.9	(19.5)
2017	267.8	247.6	(20.3)	108.2	12.0	(169.5)
2017 1	267.8	269.7	1.9	99.3	12.0	15.8
2018	266.3	265.7	(0.6)	100.2	11.7	(5.2)
2018 <sup>1</sup>	274.8	280.1	6.1	97.8	11.7	52.2
2019	266.4	276.6	10.1	96.3	9.5	106.8
2020	259.4	269.5	10.1	96.3	9.1	110.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (\$ IN MILLIONS)

Valuation Date Sept 30	Date Value of		Value of Liability Assets (AAL) Entry Age		(0	Jnfunded verfunded) rued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)		UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2011	\$	-	\$ 7.9	\$	7.9	- %	\$	5.4	145.3 %	
2012		-	8.5		8.5	-		6.2	137.5	
2013		-	7.7		7.7	-		6.2	123.4	
2014		-	8.7		8.7	-		6.1	142.5	
2015		-	9.1		9.1	-		5.9	154.0	
2016		1.0	9.9		8.9	10.4		5.9	151.1	
2017		1.0	7.2		6.1	14.3		5.9	103.6	
2017	I	1.0	7.5		6.5	13.7		5.9	109.3	
2018		1.1	7.6		6.5	14.5		5.8	111.2	
2018	I	1.1	8.4		7.3	13.1		5.8	125.4	
2019		8.4	9.9		1.5	84.8		5.8	25.9	
2020		9.3	9.2		(0.1)	101.1		5.8	(1.8)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

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#### **CONTENTS**

This part of the System's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's overall financial health.

#### FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the System's financial performance and fiscal health has changed over time. The schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Pension Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Additions by Source
- Schedule of Pension Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Plan Deductions by Type
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position OPEB Plan
- Schedule of Pension Benefit and Refunds by Type
- Schedule of OPEB Benefits and Refunds by Type

#### **OPERATING INFORMATION**

These schedules contain contextual information to assist the reader's understanding of how the System's financial information relates to the combination of participating members and the benefits it provides. Schedules are presented for the last ten fiscal years, except where noted. Schedules included are:

- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Pension Benefits
- Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments Pension
- Schedule of Average Benefit Payments OPEB
- Schedule of Principal Participating Courts
- Ten Year History of Membership
- Schedule of Participating Courts

#### SCHEDULES OF ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

#### SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

Last Ten Years

_	Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Member Contributions		Employer Contributions		Investment & her Income	Total		
	2012	\$	1,353,949	\$ -	\$	35,823,251	\$	37,177,201	
	2013		1,142,496	-		33,807,819		34,950,315	
	2014		1,025,074	-		40,329,360		41,354,434	
	2015		902,078	2,592,536		5,884,697		9,379,312	
	2016		805,452	2,138,379		18,481,767		21,425,599	
	2017		697,444	1,019,814		32,268,247		33,985,506	
	2018		653,414	1,736,417		28,281,200		30,671,032	
	2019		566,234	2,827,661		13,038,437		16,432,333	
	2020		500,206	2,840,119		12,933,970		16,274,296	
	2021		414,543	2,849,923		66,635,405		69,899,872	

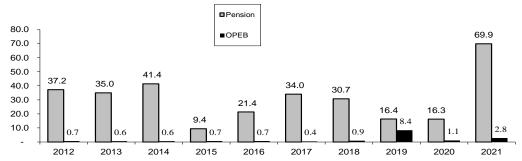
#### SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN ADDITIONS BY SOURCE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Member Contributions		mployer tributions	 nvestment & ner Income	Total		
2012	\$	522,042	\$ -	\$ 194,045	\$	716,087	
2013		499,254	-	144,529		643,783	
2014		447,033	-	186,724		633,757	
2015		434,377	210,000	82,806		727,182	
2016		432,494	154,000	149,635		736,128	
2017		116,511	115,000	193,392		424,903	
2018		112,892	539,300	218,026		870,217	
2019		101,821	7,557,353	731,729		8,390,903	
2020		133,374	398,154	539,992		1,071,520	
2021		108,016	216,165	2,440,396		2,764,577	

#### **TOTAL ADDITIONS**

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



#### **SCHEDULES OF DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE**

#### SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Benefit Payments	Refunds and Transfers	Administrative and Other Expenses	Total
2012	\$ 20,792,225	\$ -	\$ 207,439	\$ 20,999,664
2013	21,969,650	-	359,028	22,328,678
2014	22,536,376	-	288,390	22,824,766
2015	23,241,431	-	312,400	23,553,832
2016	23,301,601	-	335,384	23,636,985
2017	23,724,056	-	353,994	24,078,050
2018	23,816,805	141,585	413,701	24,372,091
2019	24,111,344	-	376,191	24,487,534
2020	24,250,596	-	387,432	24,638,029
2021	24,280,660	-	375,789	24,656,449

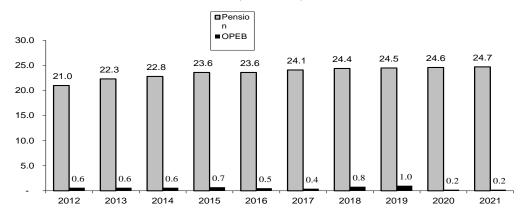
#### SCHEDULE OF OPEB PLAN DEDUCTIONS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	d Benefit		ded Benefit Refunds Ur		 Uncollectable Receivable		ninistrative nd Other openses	Total
2012	\$	544,349	\$ 90	\$ -	\$	34,959	\$ 579,399	
2013		523,943	10	-		75,180	599,133	
2014		530,183	175	-		59,085	589,443	
2015		600,781	348	-		112,910	714,039	
2016		459,119	50	-		84,032	543,200	
2017		301,555	-	-		127,479	429,034	
2018		719,565	800	-		120,761	841,126	
2019		940,224	951	-		99,398	1,040,573	
2020		136,516	-	-		88,302	224,819	
2021		83.364	702	45.102		104.764	233.932	

#### **TOTAL DEDUCTIONS**

Year Ended September 30 (in millions)



### SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION PLAN

Last Ten Years (in thousands)

c	$\sim$	•	eai
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			1 1004	····				
	2012		 2013		2014		2015	
Member contributions	\$	1,354	\$ 1,143	\$	1,025	\$	902	
Employer contributions		-	-		-		2,593	
Net investment income		34,711	31,003		37,148		5,840	
Court Fees		1,111	2,793		3,164		41	
Miscellaneous income		1_	 11_		18		3	
Total Additions		37,176	34,950		41,355		9,379	
Pension benefits		20,792	21,970		22,536		23,241	
Refunds of contributions Administrative and		-	-		-		-	
Other Expenses		207	 359		288		312	
<b>Total Deductions</b>		20,999	22,329		22,824		23,552	
Changes in net position	\$	16,178	\$ 12,621	\$	18,530	\$	(14,175)	

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - OPEB PLAN

Last Ten Years(in thousands)

#### Fiscal Year

	2012		2	2013	2	2014	2015		
Member contributions	\$	522	\$	499	\$	447	\$	434	
Employer contributions		-		-		-		210	
Other governmental contributions		_		_		_		_	
Net investment income		94		55		69		65	
Court fees		100		90		116		18	
Miscellaneous income		-		-		1		-	
<b>Total Additions</b>		716		644		633		727	
Health care benefits		544		524		530		601	
Refunds of contributions		-		-		-		-	
Uncollectable receivable		-		-		-		-	
Administrative and									
Other Expenses		35		75		59		113	
Total Deductions		579		599		589		714	
Changes in net position	\$	137	\$	45	\$	44	\$	13	

### SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Fiscal Year (continued)

2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	2020	2021
\$ 805	\$ 697	\$ 653	\$ 566	\$ 500	\$ 415
2,138	1,020	1,736	2,828	2,840	2,850
18,425	32,218	28,280	13,036	12,933	66,635
41	41	-	-	-	-
15	10	1	2	1	-
21,426	33,986	30,671	16,432	16,274	69,900
23,302	23,724	23,817	24,111	24,251	24,281
-	-	142	-	-	-
335	354	414	376	387	376
23,637	24,078	24,372	24,488	24,638	24,656
\$ (2,211)	\$ 9,907	\$ 6,299	\$ (8,055)	\$ (8,364)	\$ 45,243

Fiscal Year (continued)

2	016	2	017	2	018	 2019	2020		2021	
\$	432 154	\$	117 115	\$	113 539	\$ 102 7,557	\$	133 398	\$	108 216
	93 56		74 119		114 104	327 404		55 468		103 2,325
	- 1		-		-	-		- 18		- 12
	736		425		870	8,391		1,072		2,765
	459		302		720	940		137		83
	-		-		1 -	1 -		-		1 45
	84 543		127 429		121 841	 99 1,041		88 225		105 234
\$	193	\$	(4)	\$	29	\$ 7,350	\$	847	\$	2,531

#### SCHEDULES OF BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

#### SCHEDULE OF PENSION BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year				Refu	nds	
Ended	Regular	Disability	Survivor	Employee	Retired	
Sept. 30	Benefits	Benefits	Benefits	Contribution	Benefits	Total
2012	\$16,209,640	\$ 210,948	\$ 4,371,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$20,792,225
2013	17,426,985	211,078	4,331,588	-	-	21,969,650
2014	17,815,602	210,676	4,510,098	-	-	22,536,376
2015	18,517,601	211,479	4,512,352	-	-	23,241,432
2016	18,731,864	211,078	4,358,660	-	-	23,301,601
2017	19,290,587	212,964	4,220,505	-	-	23,724,056
2018	19,340,453	211,078	4,265,275	141,585	-	23,958,390
2019	19,708,925	211,078	4,191,341	-	-	24,111,344
2020	19,870,735	211,078	4,168,784	-	-	24,250,596
2021	20,036,577	211,078	4,033,005	-	-	24,280,660

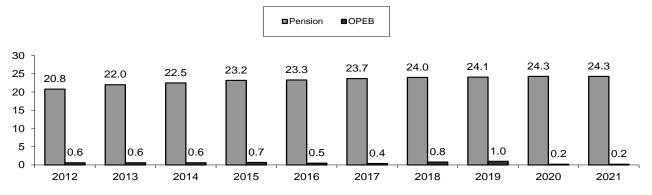
#### SCHEDULE OF OPEB BENEFITS AND REFUNDS BY TYPE

Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Health Benefits	Dental Benefits	Vision Benefits	Health Refunds	Uncollectable Receivable	Administrative Expenses	Total
2012	\$ 425,647	\$ 118,185	\$ 517	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ 34,959	\$ 579,398
2013	379,741	113,137	31,065	10	-	75,180	599,132
2014	410,344	117,771	2,068	175	-	59,085	589,443
2015	480,792	114,263	5,726	348	-	112,910	714,039
2016	346,436	108,303	4,380	50	-	84,032	543,200
2017	294,635	6,921	-	-	-	127,479	429,034
2018	707,588	11,977	-	800	-	120,761	841,126
2019	940,224	-	-	951	-	99,398	1,040,572
2020	136,516	-	-	-	-	88,302	224,819
2021	83,364	-	-	702	45,102	104,764	233,932

#### **TOTAL BENEFIT DEDUCTIONS**

Year Ended September 30(in millions)



#### SCHEDULES OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF BENEFIT

#### SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF PENSION BENEFITS

September 30, 2020

Amount of	_		Type of	Retirem	ent *		Selected Option**					
Monthly	Number of Retirees	4	2	3	4	E	Ont 1	Ont 2	0=4-3			
Pension	Ketirees			<u> </u>	4	5	<u>Opt. 1</u>	Opt. 2	Opt. 3			
\$ 1 - 400	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-			
401 - 800	20	7	12	1	-	-	16	4	-			
801 - 1,200	28	11	14	2	1	-	23	4	1			
1,201 - 1,600	27	11	12	4	-	-	20	6	1			
1,601 - 2,000	56	13	40	3	-	-	49	6	1			
2,001 - 2,400	33	13	16	3	1	-	27	6	-			
2,401 - 2,800	32	15	16	-	-	1	23	8	1			
2,801 - 3,200	25	13	9	-	1	2	16	9	-			
3,201 - 3,600	23	15	7	1	-	-	12	11	-			
3,601 - 4,000	30	23	4	2	-	1	20	10	-			
Over 4,000	253	244	3_	3_	2	1_	220	33				
Totals	528	365	134	19	5	5	427	97	4			

#### \* Type of Retirement

- 1 Normal retirement for age and service
- 2 Survivor payment normal retirement
- 3 Survivor payment -death in service
- 4 Nonduty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 5 Survivor payment disability retirement

\*\* Selected Option

Opt. 1 – Straight Life Allowance

Opt. 2 – 100% survivor option

Opt. 3 – 50% survivor option

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

#### SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

September 30, 2020

Type of Other Postemployment Benefits

		Type of Other Postemployment Benefits								
Amount of Monthly Pension Benefit	Number of Retirees	Health	Dental	Vision						
\$ 1 – 400	1									
401 – 800	20	-	2	2						
801 – 1,200	28	3	5	4						
1,201 – 1,600	27	-	3	3						
1,601 – 2,000	56	5	9	6						
2,001 - 2,400	33	5	8	7						
2,401 - 2,800	32	4	8	7						
2,801 - 3,200	25	2	1	1						
3,201 - 3,600	23	1	2	2						
3,601 - 4,000	30	5	9	7						
Over 4,000	253	28	47	48						
Totals	528	53	94	87						

Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

## SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## For Year Ended September 30, 2021

Claims:	
Health Insurance	\$ 16,291
Vision Insurance	(129)
Dental Insurance	(1,574)
Estimated Claims Liability:	
Health Insurance	67,073
Vision Insurance	129
Dental Insurance	1,574
Administrative Fees:	
Health Insurance	33,118
Vision Insurance	112
Dental Insurance	3,102
Personnel Services:	
Staff Salaries	34,483
Staff Retirement and Social Security	19,333
Staff Other Fringe Benefits	6,869
Professional Services:	
Accounting	104
Actuarial	2,365
Attorney General Fees	1,640
Audit	2,705
Building and Equipment:	
Building Rentals	48
Equipment Purchase, Maintenance, and Rentals	1
Miscellaneous:	
Office Supplies	1
Postage, Telephone and Other	305
Printing	6
Technology Support	574
Refunds	701
Uncollectable receivable	 45,102
Grand Total	\$ 233,932

#### **SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS**

### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - PENSION\*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30															
		0 - 5		5 - 10	•	10 - 15		15 - 20	2	20 - 25	2	25 - 30		30 +		Total
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11:																
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	888	\$	1,398	\$	2,423	\$	3,597	\$	3,449	\$	3,539	\$	3,879	\$	3,183
Average Final Average Salary		37,149		74,389		70,443		81,961		84,631		86,761		94,002		80,306
Number of Active Retirants		5		32		106		207		124		44		21		539
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12:																
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,094	\$	1,356	\$	2,454	\$	3,617	\$	3,420	\$	3,520	\$	3,914	\$	3,182
Average Final Average Salary		30,958		74,718		71,197		81,578		85,701		88,202		93,952		80,555
Number of Active Retirants		6		34		103		208		126		45		19		541
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13:																
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,115	\$	1,335	\$	2,519	\$	3,791	\$	3,628	\$	3,693	\$	3,972	\$	3,355
Average Final Average Salary		52,361		76,646		74,667		88,864		89,648		90,100		92,991		85,735
Number of Active Retirants		5		33		99		217		130		46		24		554
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14:																
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,159	\$	1,391	\$	2,496	\$	3,772	\$	3,743	\$	3,719	\$	3,876	\$	3,373
Average Final Average Salary		43,634		76,195		74,592		90,417		93,965		91,634		97,007		87,534
Number of Active Retirants		6		32		98		214		134		46		24		554
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15:																
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,511	\$	1,391	\$	2,503	\$	3,793	\$	3,887	\$	3,996	\$	4,042	\$	3,474
Average Final Average Salary		59,132		81,204		76,126		91,310		95,344		96,935		97,792		89,602
Number of Active Retirants		6		29		96		217		143		43		26		560
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16:	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,511	\$	1,337	\$	2,523	\$	3,866	\$	3,882	\$	4,027	\$	4,076	\$	3,509
Average Final Average Salary		59,132		80,925		77,284		92,681		95,740		98,622		101,248		90,780
Number of Active Retirants		6		29		91		213		139		43		26		547
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17:	_															
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,388	\$	1,408	\$	2,500	\$	3,892	\$	3,982	\$	4,215	\$	4,206	\$	3,574
Average Final Average Salary	1	101,246		84,661		78,108		94,497		97,008		102,377		100,443		92,954
Number of Active Retirants		5		29		92		208		138		48		31		551
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18:	•	4 000	•	4.044	•	0.540	•	0.005	•	4 004	•	4.050	•	4.400	•	0.005
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,388	\$	1,341	\$	2,519	\$	3,895	\$	4,031	\$	4,258	\$	4,183	\$	3,605
Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	1	101,246 5		85,145 29		80,246 85		95,039 206		98,859 139		103,174 47		99,914 33		94,232 544
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19:		Ü		20		00		200		100		7,		00		011
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,388	<b>Φ</b>	1,311	\$	2,558	•	3,980	\$	4,045	Ф	4,541	Φ.	4,451	•	3,704
Average Final Average Salary		1,300	Ψ	85,145	Ψ	80,945	Ψ	96,306		100,021		110,472	Ψ	105,932	Ψ	96,431
Number of Active Retirants	'	5		29		83		196		140		50		43		546
Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20:		Ū				30		. 30				30		.0		2.0
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	1,388	\$	1,332	\$	2,590	\$	4,050	\$	4,092	\$	4,666	\$	4,499	\$	3,768
Average Final Average Salary	1	101,246		85,868		82,399		98,487		101,083		113,262		107,004		98,225
Number of Active Retirants		5		28		79		184		139		51		42		528

<sup>\*</sup>Number counts only include members participating in the defined benefit plan for the corresponding benefit. Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

### SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

#### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - MEDICAL/RX\*

Last Ten Years
Credited Service (Years) as of Sentember 30

Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30								
<b>.</b>	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 +	- Total	
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,146	\$ 3,864	\$ 3,418	\$ 5,798	\$ 5,859	\$ 3,465	
Average Final Average Salary	19,500	84,638	63,592	84,583	92,892	131,136	131,721	85,891	
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	19	31	18	7	2	81	
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,139	\$ 3,796	\$ 3,418	\$ 5,781	\$ 5,859	\$ 3.482	
Average Final Average Salary	19,500	84,638	66,599	83,460	92,892	131,136	131,721	86,964	
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	16	30	18	7	2	77	
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,332	\$ 3,882	\$ 3,386	\$ 5,483	\$ 5,859	\$ 3,522	
Average Final Average Salary	19,500	84,638	72,845	89,450	96,066	127,752	131,721	91,047	
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	14	29	18	. 6	2	73	
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,293	\$ 3,732	\$ 3,646	\$ 5,081	\$ 5,859	\$ 3,502	
Average Final Average Salary	19,500	84,638	72,072	87,984	100,088	127,752	131,721	91,744	
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	13	28	19	6	2	72	
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15									
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 1,728	\$ 2,425	\$ 4,050	\$ 4,187	\$ 5,081	\$ 5,859	\$ 3,852	
Average Final Average Salary	-	84,638	75,582	93,677	109,512	127,752	131,721	98,425	
Number of Active Retirants	-	3	12	29	19	6	2	71	
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16									
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 1,523	\$ 2,631	\$ 4,357	\$ 4,263	\$ 4,542	\$ 5,859	\$ 4,038	
Average Final Average Salary	-	94,507	84,721	98,068	108,486	127,752	131,721	102,473	
Number of Active Retirants	-	2	10	27	17	6	2	64	
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17									
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 1,927	\$ 2,631	\$ 4,532	\$ 4,720	\$ 4,745	\$ 5,859	\$ 4,264	
Average Final Average Salary	-	77,073	84,721	101,830	112,020	131,836	131,721	104,578	
Number of Active Retirants	-	1	10	25	14	5	2	57	
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18									
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 1,927	\$ 2,631	\$ 4,697	\$ 4,972	\$ 4,745	\$ 5,859	\$ 4,382	
Average Final Average Salary	-	77,073	84,721	104,825	117,679	131,836	131,721	107,137	
Number of Active Retirants	-	1	10	24	13	5	2	55	
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19									
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 1,927	\$ 2,829	\$ 4,815	\$ 4,434	\$ 4,745	\$ 5,875	\$ 4,391	
Average Final Average Salary	-	77,073	90,437	106,165	116,234	131,836	141,379	109,762	
Number of Active Retirants	-	1	9	23	13	5	3	54	
Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20									
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 1,927	\$ 2,702	\$ 4,908	\$ 4,474	\$ 5,401	\$ 5,875	\$ 4,514	
Average Final Average Salary	-	77,073	87,887	108,069	116,577	138,789	141,379	112,048	
Number of Active Retirants	-	1	8	21	14	6	3	53	

<sup>\*</sup>Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

## SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

#### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - DENTAL\*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30								
i dyment i enodo	0 - 5		5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 +	- Total
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11									
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,923	\$ 2,658	\$ 3,769	\$ 3,526	\$ 4,250	\$ 4,054	\$ 3,541
Average Final Average Salary		-	84,070	73,097	83,097	83,661	106,381	99,613	84,703
Number of Active Retirants		-	5	24	53	38	16	4	140
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12									
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,923	\$ 2,647		\$ 3,447	\$ 4,309	\$ 4,054	\$ 3,481
Average Final Average Salary		-	84,070	75,085	82,627	84,757	103,377	99,613	84,860
Number of Active Retirants		-	5	22	51	38	15	4	135
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13									
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,923	\$ 2,740		\$ 3,424	\$ 4,309	\$ 4,054	\$ 3,514
Average Final Average Salary		-	84,070	77,339	88,393	89,718	103,377	99,613	88,885
Number of Active Retirants		-	5	21	50	37	15	4	132
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14			Φ 4.000	Φ 0.750	Φ 0.700	Φ 0.500	Φ 4440	<b>A</b> 0.470	Φ 0.547
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,923	\$ 2,758	\$ 3,790	\$ 3,592	\$ 4,148	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,517
Average Final Average Salary		-	84,070	78,748	90,107	93,759	103,377	99,613	90,883
Number of Active Retirants		-	5	21	44	35	15	4	124
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15			Ф 1 coo	¢ 0.744	Ф <u>2062</u>	Ф 2 C24	¢ 4404	Ф 0.476	Ф 2 <i>EE</i> 2
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,699 84,070	\$ 2,741	\$ 3,863	\$ 3,631	\$ 4,184	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,552
Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants		-	64,070 5	81,188 20	89,897 46	94,432 33	108,597 14	99,613 4	91,921 122
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16		-	3	20	40	33	14	4	122
Average Monthly Benefit		_	\$ 1,589	\$ 2,982	\$ 4,073	\$ 3,716	\$ 3,977	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,686
Average Final Average Salary		_	88,862	87,229	94,191	94,351	111,362	99,613	95,283
Number of Active Retirants		_	4	16	41	29	13	4	107
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17			•	.0	• •		.0	•	
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,745	\$ 2,982	\$ 4,171	\$ 3,978	\$ 4,077	\$ 4,733	\$ 3,877
Average Final Average Salary		-	81,169	87,229	96,403	97,245	109,072	121,142	97,547
Number of Active Retirants		-	3	16	39	28	15	4	105
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18									
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,745	\$ 3,152	\$ 4,266	\$ 4,072	\$ 4,077	\$ 4,113	\$ 3,952
Average Final Average Salary		-	81,169	91,729	98,152	99,422	109,072	109,976	99,293
Number of Active Retirants		-	3	14	38	27	15	5	102
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19									
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,745	\$ 3,527		\$ 3,953	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,412	\$ 4,069
Average Final Average Salary		-	81,169	98,479	99,717	98,726	109,820	118,430	101,501
Number of Active Retirants		-	3	12	35	27	16	6	99
Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20			<b>.</b> . <b>.</b>	<b>A A</b> 1			<b>.</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b> ==
Average Monthly Benefit		-	\$ 1,738	\$ 3,125		\$ 3,990	\$ 4,464	\$ 4,412	\$ 4,152
Average Final Average Salary		-	81,169	93,993	103,891	99,523	113,569	118,430	103,595
Number of Active Retirants		-	3	9	31	28	17	6	94

<sup>\*</sup>Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits. Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

### SCHEDULES OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS

### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENTS - VISION\*

Last Ten Years

Payment Periods	Credited Service (Years) as of September 30							
	0 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 +	Total
Period 10/1/10 to 9/30/11								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	\$ 2,186	\$ 2,706	\$ 4,052	\$ 3,785	\$ 4,700	\$ 5,372	\$ 3,773
Average Final Average Salary	19,500		74,044	88,977	87,701	110,830	137,252	89,139
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	18	43	36	13	2	116
Period 10/1/11 to 9/30/12								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	\$ 2,186	\$ 2,647	\$ 4,088	\$ 3,666	\$ 4,452	\$ 5,372	\$ 3,682
Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	19,500 1		76,442 17	88,175 42	88,146 36	107,446 12	137,252 2	88,147 113
Period 10/1/12 to 9/30/13								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17		\$ 2,647	\$ 4,133	\$ 3,669	\$ 4,452	\$ 5,372	\$ 3,729
Average Final Average Salary	19,500	•	76,442	95,575	92,812	107,446	137,252	93,164
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	17	42	36	12	2	113
Period 10/1/13 to 9/30/14								
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 17	. ,	\$ 2,635	\$ 4,117	\$ 3,858	\$ 4,251	\$ 4,685	\$ 3,755
Average Final Average Salary	19,500		76,039	95,551	97,154	107,446	128,996	94,736
Number of Active Retirants	1	3	16	39	34	12	3	108
Period 10/1/14 to 9/30/15		Φ 4 040	<b>A</b> 0.700	<b>0</b> 4470	<b>A</b> 4 004	<b>A</b> 4004	Φ 4005	Φ 0.005
Average Monthly Benefit	-	Ψ .,σ.σ	\$ 2,763	\$ 4,178	\$ 4,001	\$ 4,381	\$ 4,685	\$ 3,895
Average Final Average Salary Number of Active Retirants	_	96,442 3	79,112 15	94,711 41	99,476 32	111,122 12	128,996 3	96,819 106
Period 10/1/15 to 9/30/16		J	10		02	12	J	100
Average Monthly Benefit	_	\$ 1,649	\$ 2,942	\$ 4,369	\$ 4,141	\$ 4,155	\$ 4,685	\$ 4,043
Average Final Average Salary	_	112,213	88,092	98,758	100,113	114,619	128,996	100,931
Number of Active Retirants	_	. 2	12	37	28	11	3	93
Period 10/1/16 to 9/30/17								
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 2,179	\$ 2,942	\$ 4,495	\$ 4,300	\$ 4,033	\$ 4,912	\$ 4,171
Average Final Average Salary	-	112,485	88,092	101,484	101,237	108,829	119,411	101,861
Number of Active Retirants	-	1	12	35	28	14	5	95
Period 10/1/17 to 9/30/18								
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 2,179	\$ 3,136	\$ 4,610		\$ 4,033	\$ 4,912	\$ 4,259
Average Final Average Salary	-	112,485	91,298	103,588	103,435	108,829	119,411	103,823
Number of Active Retirants	-	1	11	34	28	14	5	93
Period 10/1/18 to 9/30/19		Φ 0.470	Φ 0.004	Φ 4005	Φ 4004	Φ 4407	Φ 5.077	Φ 4000
Average Monthly Benefit	-	\$ 2,179	\$ 3,364	\$ 4,625	\$ 4,081	\$ 4,167	\$ 5,077	\$ 4,263
Average Final Average Salary	-	112,485	97,100 10	103,588 34	100,961	109,642 15	126,291 6	104,705 92
Number of Active Retirants Period 10/1/19 to 9/30/20	_	· I	10	34	26	15	0	92
Average Monthly Benefit		\$ 2,179	\$ 2,779	\$ 4,799	\$ 4,081	\$ 4,449	\$ 5,077	\$ 4,347
Average Final Average Salary	-	112,485	90,742	107,087	100,961	113,637	126,291	106,532
Number of Active Retirants	_	112,403	90,742 7	31	26	113,037	120,291	87
rambor of Autivo Rolliants		,	,	01	20	10	U	01

<sup>\*</sup>Average monthly benefits shown are pension benefits Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

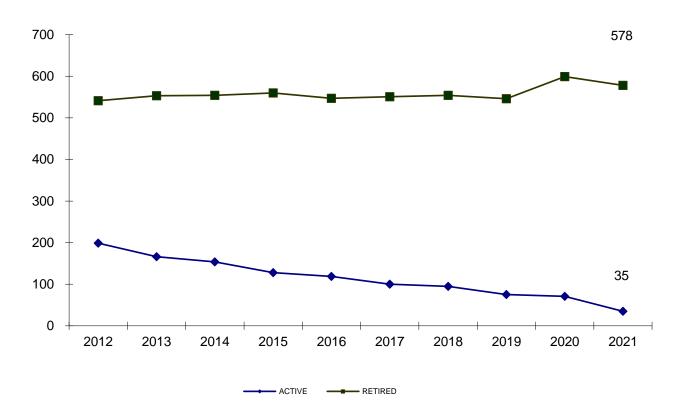
### SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL PARTICIPATING COURTS

For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2021 and 2011

	2021		2011		
		Percentage		Percentage	
		of Total		of Total	
Participating Court	<u>Employees</u>	System	<b>Employees</b>	System	
Court of Appeals	7	13.2 %	15	7.3 %	
03rd Circuit	5	9.4	19	9.2	
06th Circuit	3	5.7	7	3.4	
36th District	3	5.7	9	4.4	
14th Circuit	2	3.8	4	1.9	
All other	33	62.3	152	73.8	
Total	53	100.0 %	206	100.0 %、	

### TEN YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP

Fiscal Year Ended September 30



Source: Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

## SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING COURTS

### At 9/30/2021

Supreme Court	39th District Court
Court of Appeals	40th District Court
Recorders Court	48th District Court
03rd Circuit Court	52nd District Court
06th Circuit Court	61st District Court
07th Circuit Court	63rd District Court
13th Circuit Court	66th District Court
14th Circuit Court	67th District Court
16th Circuit Court	70th District Court
22nd Circuit Court	71st District Court
40th Circuit Court	78th District Court
05th District Court	82nd District Court
08th District Court	Cass County Probate Court
16th District Court	Huron County Probate Court
17th District Court	Kent County Probate Court
21st District Court	Lake County Probate Court
33rd District Court	Ottawa County Probate Court
36th District Court	Wayne County Probate Court

# **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The *Michigan Judges' Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* is prepared by Financial Services, Fiscal Management Division. Staff of the division for the fiscal year 2021 report included:

### **Management:**

Jacqueline Huhn, Director Aver Hamilton, Accounting Manager Paula Webb, Accounting Manager

#### **Accountants:**

Dan Harry Rick Legal Cindy Molzan Hope Richardson Carol Wheaton

## **Technical and Support Staff:**

Jamin Schroeder

Special thanks are also extended to the Office of Retirement Services personnel, accounting and support personnel throughout Financial Services, Investments Division of Treasury, Department of Health and Human Services cashiering personnel, Office of the Auditor General, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co., and the staff at the Office of Financial Management. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of these individuals.

This report may be viewed online at: www.michigan.gov/ors